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REPORT

OF THE

LAWRENCE MILITARY ASYLUM,

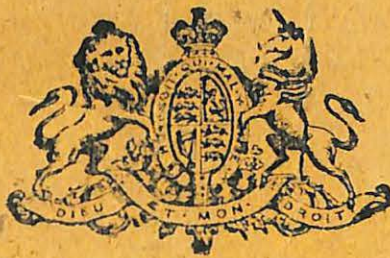
SANAWAR,

12352

ON THE

ORPHAN AND OTHER CHILDREN OF EUROPEAN SOLDIERS
SERVING OR HAVING SERVED IN INDIA,

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 1884.



LAHORE:

PRINTED AT THE PUNJAB GOVERNMENT PRESS,

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LAWRENCE BENTLEY

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THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

REPORT

OF THE

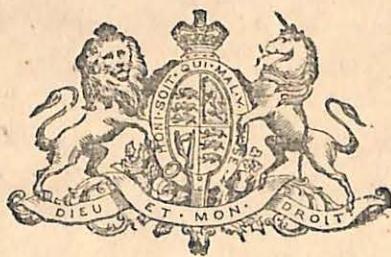
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LAWRENCE OF MILITARY ACADEMY

REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

OF THE

REPORT

OF THE

LAWRENCE MILITARY ASYLUM, SANAWAR,

FOR

1883-84.

Dated Sanáwar, 1st April 1884.

From—The Rev. J. COLB, Principal, Chaplain and Secretary, Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanáwar,
To—The Director of Public Instruction, Punjab.

I HAVE the honor to submit the annual report on the Lawrence Military Asylum for the financial year ending 31st March 1884.

A.—STATISTICS.

There were on the strength of the Asylum at the beginning of the year—

Boys	...	234
Girls	...	185
		—
Total	...	419
		—

Since then there have been the following alterations in the rolls :—

	<i>Admitted.</i>	<i>Removed.</i>
Boys	... 48	47
Girls	... 30	42
		—
Total	... 78	89
		—

The removals are accounted for as follows :—

Boys.—Left for situations*	...	7
Enlisted†	...	10
Owing to regiments leaving India	...	10
Removed by friends	...	19
Died	...	1
		—
Total	...	47
		—
Girls.—Entered service†	...	7
Owing to regiments leaving India	...	12
Removed by friends	...	23
		—
Total	...	42
		—

As regards the boys who have left the institution, three have joined Government offices as clerks, and one passed into the second department of the Roorkee College. Three more boys lately passed the Roorkee College Entrance Examination, one of them taking the first place and securing a scholarship—a distinction which has now been gained by Asylum pupils for the eighth time since 1876.

Of the girls who have left, one joined the S. P. G. Mission Training School at Delhi. Those who have entered service appear to be doing credit to the training they received here from the matrons in charge. Of one of them a lady writes: "I am glad to say C—is still giving me satisfaction, and I find her a great help to my children in the preparation of their lessons."

* Provided with outfits.

† Provided with school clothing.

On the rolls, 1st April, the numbers stand thus—

<i>Boys</i> —	{ On the institution foundation	...	151
	{ On the Lower Orphan foundation	...	84
Total		...	235
<hr/>			
<i>Girls</i> —	{ On the institution foundation	...	115
	{ On the Lower Orphan foundation	...	58
Total		...	173
<hr/>			

More have been summoned, but it is not known whether they will all join.

The usual tabular forms marked, respectively, 1 and 2, showing the ages and family condition of the wards, are here submitted—

TABLE NO. 1.

SEX.	AGE.														TOTAL.	
	From 2 to 3 years of age.	From 3 to 4 years of age.	From 4 to 5 years of age.	From 5 to 6 years of age.	From 6 to 7 years of age.	From 7 to 8 years of age.	From 8 to 9 years of age.	From 9 to 10 years of age.	From 10 to 11 years of age.	From 11 to 12 years of age.	From 12 to 13 years of age.	From 13 to 14 years of age.	From 14 to 15 years of age.	From 15 to 16 years of age.		Above 16 years of age.
Boys	2	2	3	5	6	6	17	24	21	30	34	35	19	14	17	
Girls	...	...	3	3	12	6	14	20	23	14	18	22	15	11	12	
Total	2	2	6	8	18	12	31	44	44	44	52	57	34	25	29	408

TABLE NO. 2.

SEX.	Orphans.	Fatherless.	Motherless.	Having both parents.
Boys	28	146	42	19
Girls	24	93	40	16
Total	52	239	82	35

CANDIDATES.		<i>Boys.</i>	<i>Girls.</i>	<i>Total.</i>
<i>Orphans</i> —	{ European parentage	... 1	...	1
	{ Mixed do.	... ..	1	1
<i>Fatherless</i> —	{ European parentage	... 10	19	20
	{ Mixed do.	... 8	2	10
<i>Motherless</i> —	{ European parentage	... 25	21	46
	{ Mixed do.	... 9	3	12
<i>Having both parents</i> —	{ European parentage	... 63	31	94
	{ Mixed do.	... 13	7	20
Total		... 129	75	204

The short-service system of enlistment, annual invaliding and other causes have affected these returns.

B.—SANITARY.

The accompanying report furnished by Dr. Lyons, the Officer in Medical Charge, records the principal diseases that have been treated in the hospitals during the year. On referring to the figures, it will be seen that the total number of admissions was 682 against 565 of the previous year; the increase being largely due to febricula and partly to erysipelas and enteric fever.

As a temporary measure, it was found necessary to employ in the boys' hospital extra establishment: and considering the amount of sickness, it is a matter for compliment to Dr. Lyons that only one casualty occurred.

In the girls' hospital Miss Scanlon has proved, as heretofore, a very dependable matron and nurse. On account of the various influences that affect the health of each individual child, it has been found difficult to trace the prevalence of fever to any specific cause. Some children, for instance, who were attacked wore English boots: others wore country ones. Of course the usual hygienic arrangements of the institution received constant attention. Thus the buildings and grounds were well kept; rations were closely inspected; the filters in use were periodically cleaned under European supervision; and eventually the drinking water was analysed by competent authority. The following statement* shows the result of analysis of the samples of water

* Marked X.
sent to the Chemical Examiner, Lahore.

X.

Statement of the result of Analysis of the samples of Water from the Military Asylum, Sandwar, sent by the Secretary to Government, Punjab, for examination.

QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS.

PRECIPITATE AND COLOUR REACTIONS.

Sources.	Physical qualities.	Reaction.	Free carbonic acid.	Chlorides.	Sulphates.	Nitrates.	Sulphuretted Hydrogen.	Nitrates.	Lime.	Magnesia.	Iron.	Ammonia.
No. 1.—Unfiltered water from the spring below the garden...	Good ...	Alkaline ...	Traces ...	Slight haze	None ...	None ...	None ...	None ...	Strong turbidity.	Present ...	Traces ...	None.
No. 2.—Filtered water from boys' hospital ...	Good; no deposit.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	No reaction	Present ...	Present ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Traces.
No. 3.—Filtered water from girls' department, Sandwar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Slight amount.	Slight ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	No reaction	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.

QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS.

Sources.	Total hardness.	Permanent hardness.	Chlorides as traced grains per gallon.	REMARKS.
No. 1.—Unfiltered water from the spring below the garden ...	11.2	4.6	2.04	The unfiltered water appears of good quality, though rather hard.
No. 2.—Filtered water from boys' hospital ...	10.4	4.2	2.04	The filtered water showed the presence of nitrates and ammonia, indicating organic impurity apparently derived from the filters.
No. 3.—Filtered water from girls' department, Sandwar ...	11.2	5.2	2.04	

LAHORE: }
The 7th November 1883.

(Sd.) W. CENTER,
Chemical Examiner to Government, Punjab.

(4)

As regards diet, last October we reverted, on economic grounds, to the contract system for supplies of butcher's meat; but we still depend on the Commissariat for bread. According to monthly sanitary reports the children have been well nourished.

The milk supply has, however, caused a little anxiety, as it is defective in particulars over which we have no control. As a remedy, therefore, against the obvious risks to health in this direction, it has now been proposed by the Sanitary Commissioner that proper cowsheds and a suitable dairy should be erected on our own estate.

This will no doubt prove a better arrangement than the one in force; but I do not suppose that the milk will be satisfactory for ever after, unless a better breed of cattle be introduced and unless they be better fed. For it should be pointed out that the milk of the common hill cow, at its best, is poorer in quality than English milk. It, in fact, contains less cream and considerably more water; the latter excess being evidenced by experiment in samples of milk even when drawn straight from the cow.

The following extract from Dr. Bellew's excellent report will be read with satisfaction:—

"In all departments of the establishment, and over the whole area of the estate generally, I was struck by the neatness, order and regularity that characterized the management. The dwellings occupied by the wards (hospitals and cook-houses included) were everywhere scrupulously clean and wholesome, with no trace of any offensive sight or smell, whilst the happy and healthy look of the great majority of the boys and girls testified without words to the favorable conditions under which they lived."

C.—SCHOOLS.

Mr. Pearson inspected the schools last September, and I myself saw every child examined, by him. The method of oral examination by standards is apt where large numbers are concerned to be dull and monotonous, and then the school and the reputation of its teachers are liable to be unfavorably commented on in the forthcoming report. As the teachers to my own personal knowledge had worked methodically, diligently and punctually, I felt sure that the general result could scarcely be otherwise than satisfactory. All the classes, from the lowest to the highest, stood well the test of the individual ordeal to which they were unexpectedly subjected.

For the Lower Primary there were presented 68 boys and girls, all of whom passed. And for the Upper Primary there were 54 candidates present, all of whom, with one exception were successful.

As regards the Middle School Examination, the following is the order of merit:—

	Marks.	(Maximum 400).
1. Parker, Charles	... 287	
2. Montgomery, Maurice	... 283	
3. Giddens, Richard	... 276	
4. Norris, Jocelyn	... 267	
5. West, Arthur	... 259	
6. Utting, Frederick	... 253	
7. White, Edward	... 250	
8. Sinclair, Henry	... 249	
9. Barnes, Meredith	... 247	
10. Cole, Alexander	... 244	
11. Clarke, Frederick	... 239	

These results show that both masters and mistresses deserve unqualified approbation for the careful preparation of their classes throughout the year. Among the former teachers should be mentioned Messrs. Bonnaud, Hart* and Oliver; and Mrs. Annett and Mrs. Oliver among the latter.

* Year after year Mr Hart's services, both as teacher and organist, have been most satisfactory.

But while the annual number of passes in the prescribed standards may rightly be accepted as a measure by which educational progress is gauged, we must not overlook matters of much greater importance, such as establishing good habits, accustoming children to be respectful and orderly, guarding against the rising of ill-nature, appealing to the higher qualities of the heart, and fostering a spirit of thankfulness in the children for the lasting benefits which they receive from their treatment and moral training.

This last point was recently evinced by both boys and girls subscribing freely their little pocket money, and that too during a holiday, in aid of an institution † in England well known for its reception of the diseased and destitute without charge. The same spirit is even more clearly indicated in the following extract from a letter which has casually come to hand from a former inmate who years ago left this country for good. Writing from England, and asking for a copy of an annual report, he says:—

“ Whether I am addressing the Revd. J. Cole or his successor, I am not aware, as it is now 13 years since I left the institution. * * * I have often thanked, and do still thank, God for the many benefits and blessings I enjoyed in the old school. * * I often muse and think of the happy home of my childhood as I sit by my own fire-side of an evening after a hard day's work.”

D.—TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION.

Misconceptions seem to have arisen in high quarters regarding the domestic teaching of the children. These, however, can easily be cleared away since they rest on statements that are open to contradiction rather than on any existing public opinion that needs to be instructed. It is simply inconsistent with facts to assert that the children here are treated by prevailing methods above their station. It should be explained that while there is an outlet for the advanced pupils to rise in the world to superior places of trust and responsibility, the whole of the inmates, except those of tender age, have to take part in a daily routine of work, in order that they may become self-reliant and useful.

At any rate the girls are so accustomed to the discharge of household duties that there has never been, during the last 20 years, any difficulty experienced in providing the elder ones with respectable service. They do not go out as helpless as they come in; and, as regards the boys, they make their own beds, clean their own boots, and depend upon themselves in other ways without the aid of native bearers. They are regularly drilled, and the budget provides for the formation of classes to be instructed in instrumental music for regimental bands, and in telegraphy.

The smartness of the boys on parade, with their band and colours, will appear from the testimony of the General lately Commanding the Sirhind Division. He remarks:—

“ The boys of the Lawrence Military Asylum have been well drilled by Sergeant Storer, who is attached to the school as a Drill Instructor. On parade the battalion moves smartly, and carries out with precision (the ages of the lads being considered) any parade movement that may be ordered.

“ I think that the drill and discipline of these boys reflect great credit upon Sergeant Storer. He has done his work well.”

After such a meed of praise, Sergeant Storer has been recommended, through the usual channel, for a medal, with gratuity, for long service and good conduct.

As for the Asylum Band—under the able direction of Mr. Wright—it continues to maintain a very high degree of excellence.

The following statement shows how many boys are receiving a musical training:—

Brass Band ...	...	...	...	32
Buglers ...	...	...	...	10
Drummers ...	...	...	...	8
Fifers ...	...	...	...	14
Young hands	...	...	...	33
			Total ...	97

Attempts have been made during the year to re-open the Telegraph class, and as far as the Asylum is concerned, there has been no difficulty in finding a Non-Commissioned Officer capable of undertaking the ordinary duties of a signaller. Should a man possessing high qualifications be considered necessary for the appointment of Instructor, then a higher salary than the one sanctioned will probably be expected.

If it be the opinion of Government that more in-door occupations should be introduced, such as tailoring and shoe-making, and that, indeed, handicrafts of all kinds should be encouraged, I respectfully submit that such an idea must have gained ground without considering that the European in India cannot compete with the Native either in ordinary trades or in menial service. I submit further that the kind of training suggested would be applicable to the poorer class of children in England, or in a colony, rather than to soldiers' children in this country, who naturally expect to share the advantages that are now everywhere advertised at home as being an important condition of army service. I do not think that the starting of any of the more humble trades will prove economy working in a right direction, nor do I think that if the subsequent career of the children is to be a weighty consideration, any such industries should be recommended. It may be added that the fluctuation in this institution is far too great, and the number of grown children much too small, to admit of the inmates doing more than they already do, either in the way of Schooling, or of labour, except by over-pressure.

In connection with this subject I venture to repeat what already appears in a previous report, *viz.*, "that there would be difficulty in providing suitable employments in life for the children who spent too many hours per week in what would not really prove an industrial class." And again—"all things considered, instead of tacking on to an old institution a variety of trades at considerable cost, a far more desirable measure would be to organize bodies of artisans in connection with the army, and to arrange for boys who enlist to grow up contentedly in the midst of a recognised system of work."

From Mr. Pearson's report it may be inferred that better arrangements are needed for the supervisin of the domestic work in the girls' department; and no doubt a mere looker on can always espy room for improvement. But the fact is Mr. Pearson saw the girls' barrack at a disadvantage when ceiling-cloths were being replaced by the Public Works Department authorities, and when, at his own request, some of the girls were detailed to do work, such as to clean boots and lanterns, and scrub the floor with dry sand, at the very time of the day when all are expected to be scrupulously clean and tidy in their dress. On the occasion referred to, the only matrons available were engaged elsewhere, one with a class *cooking*, and the other in a separate building with a class *sewing*.

In the boys' department more help is needed on account of the post of 3rd Sergeant having been abolished. As the words that appear at page 8 of the annual report for 1861 under the head "Domestic Management," apply to our present circumstances, I quote them here:—

"For some time past the two School Sergeants-Major have had the care of from 120 to 130 boys each, notwithstanding the bye-rule which limits the charge of each Sergeant to 100, a number large enough to occupy the entire energies of one man."

By the present arrangement Sergeant Littlewood, a steady Non-Commissioned Officer, has had charge, not only of his own division, but also of the 3rd division, which consists of little boys who require extra care.

E.—CHANGES.

The following changes have taken place during the year under review :—

1. Mr. Housden, 3rd Assistant Master, returned from one year's extraordinary leave and resumed his duties on the 15th of February.
2. Mr. Mellor, the Head Master of the Boys' School, returned from furlough and resumed the work, for which he is so well fitted, on the 4th of March. I have seen many masters in charge of classes, and he ranks high among the best of them. After his long and approved service, he deserves a personal allowance.
3. Consequent on the above teachers rejoining the Asylum, Messrs. Bonnaud and Oliver have reverted to their substantive appointments, and the late Officiating Masters, Messrs. TenBroëke and Taylor, have left.
4. Assistant Munshi Sulekhi Rám was replaced by Bansi Lál with effect from the 30th August 1883. He resigned at his own request.
5. On a requisition from the Officer in Medical charge, Mrs. C. Abern was engaged as an extra nurse from the 23rd August to the 23rd of September.
6. Third Class Hospital Assistant Narsingh Dás was employed from the 1st of May to the 16th of July as an extra hand.
7. Rattan Singh, after long and faithful service as Compositor in the Asylum Printing Press, died in January, and was succeeded by his son Narain Singh.
8. The Government of India, having considered me eligible for pension, has appointed the Revd. A. H. Hildesley, M. A., as my successor.
9. Application has been made for Mrs. Stephens, the Head Matron, to retire under Section 65, Civil Pension Code, para. 5, Chapter XII, and was subsequently withdrawn, as she was not considered eligible.

F.—WORKS.

The principal works carried on by the Public Works Department during the financial year were—

1. The completion of the reception bungalow, clerks' quarters, and 3rd Assistant Master's quarters.
2. The construction of a new latrine near the Boys' School-room.
3. The erection of a new band room.
4. Examining the beams and supports of some of the dormitories, and replacing chufs.

An estimate has now been prepared to construct a reservoir at a spring some 280 feet below the existing one, in order to supplement our water-supply, which is insufficient. The capabilities of this new spring were tested last October by the Engineering authorities, and considered by them ample for future requirements.

Estimates and plans have also been called for for cattle-sheds and a dairy.

G.—COST.

The financial statement requires little remark, as the figures and details connected with it appear in Balance Sheet Appendix "A." Cheques, amounting to Rs. 1,01,000, have been received from the Government Treasury, and the following items of expenditure show the approximate cost per head.

In its endeavours to reduce expenses, the management has been well seconded by Mr. Watson, the Steward and Store-keeper, who is active, intelligent, and well up to his work.

TABLE OF AVERAGES.

The following table shows the cost per head, reckoning the average strength of those who were actually present during the year at 395 :—

Description of cost.	Total amount.		Yearly average per head.		Monthly average per head.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
GENERAL STAFF.						
Direction and management, including Principal and Medical Officer	25,859	8 2	65	7 4	5	7 3
Hospital (including Hospital Assistant)	2,209	10 6	5	9 6	0	7 5
EDUCATIONAL.						
Boys' Department	9,761	1 9	24	11 4	2	0 11
Girls' Department	5,398	0 11	13	6 7	1	1 11
DOMESTIC (<i>Sergeants, Matrons, &c.</i>)						
Boys' Department	3,248	9 2	8	3 7	0	11 0
Girls' Department	2,759	5 8	6	15 9	0	9 4
Work-shops, house and hospital servants	8,178	15 11	20	11 4	1	11 7
Board, including hospital comforts (including cost of carriage) ...	32,296	9 2	81	12 3	6	13 1
Clothing, bedding, &c.	12,392	0 3	31	5 11	2	9 10
Furniture and utensils	2,137	6 4	5	6 7	0	7 3
Water, light and fuel	8,624	3 11	21	13 4	1	13 1
Stationery and school books	1,196	11 7	3	0 6	0	4 1
Washing	3,353	15 0	8	7 10	0	11 4
Miscellaneous	5,447	0 5	13	2 8	1	2 5
TOTAL ...	1,22,863	2 9	310	12 6	25	14 6

It is intended to award Cowell grants to the following ex-pupils :—

GIRLS.—Charlotte Dunbar.

Margaret Thompson.

Winifred Parry.

Jennie Müller.

Harriett Cooper.

Jane Perry.

BOYS.—James Weston.

George Reynolds.

Charles Jordan.

Robert Butcher.

James F. Barnes.

H.—*Special visits.*

Founder's day was celebrated on 3rd October and the commemoration was numerously attended. General Hughes, C.B., at that time Commanding the Division, inspected the boys on parade, and after attending Divine Service in the English-looking Church belonging to the Asylum, His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab distributed, in the girls'

commodious school-room, the annual prizes. In an able address, Sir Charles Aitchison, C. S. I., most heartily congratulated the teachers on the excellence of the school work, and his warm sympathy and kind words will no doubt encourage the whole staff to labor on in the belief that the institution will always find in him a friend who is prepared to guard its interests and commend its progress.

The institution has now reached a degree of efficiency which will easily be maintained now that its machinery is about to be committed to careful hands.

It is not, however, to be expected that there will in future be no friction whatever in its working, since in every large establishment there are sure to arise now and then minor defects, and occasionally serious ones, that require to be locally remedied. There are sure to appear in each official's conduct little blemishes that are likely to operate unfavorably on children living under the same roof or within the range of similar circumstances. All such matters, trifling as they may appear, whirl within the same circle, and unless checked they are apt to constitute, day after day, the ordinary *teachings by examples*, which as a rule are the most lasting of all.

Even with respect to inspecting officers, Mr. Pearson is quite right in saying that their suggestions may sometimes lead to injustice or embarrassment, and in such cases it is the persons themselves who require most reform, or at any rate a broader experience to go on. Indeed, human nature being what it is, no one is a model of all that is impartial and upright.

As regards organization it is unnecessary to point out that the regulations appended to this report show what the system in force here really is. I would merely record that, after long years, its joints have grown into one another as bones with their sinews and flesh, and that it would be difficult to replace it by a more comprehensive scheme. It has for years done solid, though unpretending, work. And in the long run it will be found that that organization is best which requires the various officials employed to subordinate their views to the general good. It will also be found that that system of training is best which is administered so as to turn out pupils who are fitted, by habits of self-help and the absence of coarse and selfish manners, for the practical business of life.

In the closing observations of Mr. Pearson's report an estimate is given of my own humble services.

In connection with it I invite attention to extracts from Committee proceedings, dated respectively 9th October 1883 and 11th March 1884 (attached), and also to the following remarks of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief which the Guardians have desired to place on record:—

“I visited the Lawrence Asylum on the 27th October 1883, and was much pleased with everything I saw during the short time at my disposal.

“The children looked exceedingly well, especially the girls.

“I was greatly struck with the appearance of the boys on parade. The smartness and accuracy with which the various movements were executed reflect the highest credit on their Instructor, Sergeant Storer. The buildings and surroundings of the establishment were in excellent order, and it is easy to see that the wards are thoroughly well looked after by the Revd. Mr. Cole, the Principal.”

Extract from the Proceedings of a Committee of Guardians assembled at Sanáwar on the 9th day of October 1883.

* * * * *

4. The Revd. J. Cole having reported that he will leave the Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanáwar, at the end of the current year, the members of the Local Committee here present desire to record their high opinion of the able and efficient manner in which he has

discharged the duties of Principal, as far as they are aware, during the twenty years he has held the chief charge of the institution.

They would also express their thanks for his uniform kindness and courtesy at their meetings of business.

Extract from the Proceedings of a Committee of Guardians assembled at Sanáwar on the 11th day of March 1884,

* * * * *

5. Read copy of telegram No. 634 E., dated 8th March 1884, from Government of India, Military Department, to Government, Punjab, intimating that the Revd. J. Cole is to vacate his appointment on 1st April next, and that his pension is to be regulated by ordinary rules of the Uncovenanted Service.

The Committee unanimously desire to record their earnest hope that the Lieutenant-Governor's recommendation that Mr. Cole receive a pension equal to half his present pay should be complied with.

* * * * *

Paragraph 12 of Mr. Pearson's report has been made the subject of a separate communication (*vide* this office No. 160 D., dated 1st January 1884). It obviously contains some very unnecessary comments, since, by the elements of book-keeping, all funds must appear in a common cash book if they are to be accounted for by the Treasurer and Clerk in charge. The present Clerk, Sergeant Griffa, is a man far superior to his predecessors in office—sensible, steady and trustworthy. In the absence of other prospects of promotion it would be an appropriate recognition of his approved service to advance him to the warrant grade, and especially as such an encouragement would involve no immediate rise as regards pay.

I.—The Committee.

An extraordinary measure connected with the remodelling of this institution is the abolition of the local Committee. It will, I think, prove a mistake to carry out any such purpose. Hitherto the Committee has been a support to the management and never a hindrance in any respect.

It will, of course, be safe and wise to entrust the working of this large establishment to one person who should be responsible to Government in the Military Department, and to no intermediate authority.

At the same time, considering the isolated position of the institution, there should be a Visiting Committee, such as the well-constituted one that already exists, to satisfy the general public and to act as a friendly check on the superior officers in charge. Without such a body it will be suspected by outsiders that children are admitted by favouritism, and there will be a tendency for the management itself to develop into a kind of departmentalism that may gradually become marked by a tone the reverse of healthy, and by a discipline more forced and formal than real.

K.—Concluding Remarks.

It is good at times for the friends of this institution to think over mercies that have been vouchsafed by the way, to pause to look back on the past with gratitude, and to turn towards the future with hope. It is surely to every body a special cause for thankfulness that the children who are gathered here from all parts of India have been preserved time after time from pestilence and their habitations from fire.

As for myself I have, in accordance with the provisions in Rules 8 and 27, aimed at making the management exercise its function during the past by "moral force" and "Religious principle." I have invariably set my face against any one attempting to inspire respect *vi et armis*, with too high a hand.

I am now about to be relieved of my responsible charge by the Revd. A. H. Hildesley, M. A., who possesses qualifications that will at once secure for him the attachment of the children and the loyal support of the staff. I sincerely trust that the benefits of his ministrations in the Church will prove deep and abiding. With the divine blessing resting on it, the Lawrence Asylum under its altered circumstances is sure to continue to be a pleasant home for the children of European soldiers serving in India.

I attach, as last year, a list of sums of money held in deposit by the Lower Orphan Society for those of the wards who belong to that foundation.

Inspection Report of the Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanáwar for 1883, by Mr. C. PEARSON, Inspector of Schools, Umballa Circle and Officiating Director of Public Instruction.

I COMMENCED the examination of the school on the 17th September, and was occupied five days in this work. On the 24th September I made a tour of the premises in company with Dr. Lyons, the Medical Officer in charge, and on the following day I inspected the needle-work and house-work of the girls with the assistance of two ladies who kindly came from Kasauli for the purpose.

2. *Numbers and classification.*—There are on the rolls of the school 424 boys and girls, of whom 6 boys and 13 girls are children of officials. The number presented for examination was 382. The absentees comprised 13 boys and 19 girls in hospital, 3 boys and 2 girls attending the sick, and 5 girls on leave.

3. *Results of examination. The Orphanage.*—The Orphanage contains on the rolls 64 girls, and very young boys in 4 divisions of the lowest or I. Primary Class. The ages in the Orphanage range from 4 to 8. The two highest divisions consist of girls only. The most advanced can read and write dictation nicely from an Elementary Reader, and work easy sums in multiplication. The rest are making fair progress. The teacher in charge is Miss Sweetman. She is assisted by 6 of the elder girls, who reside permanently in the Orphanage to teach and take care of the young children.

4. *Results of examination. The Boys' School.*—The I. class of the Primary School contains 63 boys in 4 divisions. The average ages range from 8 to 10. All passed a satisfactory examination in elementary reading, writing and arithmetic. The II. class, containing 36 boys, average age 11, was comparatively weak in arithmetic.

In the III. class, average age 12, 32 boys were presented for the Lower Primary Examination. All passed. Last year 36 boys were examined by this standard, of whom 29 passed. Nearly all were well prepared in reading, writing and arithmetic. They know the map of India, but not the Punjab in detail. They have not read much Urdu. The teacher's method is good in this subject. The Masters of the Lower Primary School are Mr. Taylor and Mr. TenBroeke, who hold acting appointments. Their work, as well as that of the monitors, is quite satisfactory.

The IV. class of the Primary School contains 18 boys, average age 13. The best boys of this class have been promoted into the V. class to increase the number presented for the Upper Primary Examination. Examination results were satisfactory, though not equal to those of the III. and V. classes. Two boys failed. Three were absent in hospital.

In the V. class there are 32 boys, of whom 1 was in hospital. Of the rest 30 passed the Upper Primary Examination. One failed in arithmetic only, but may be promoted. The average age of the boys is under 14 years. The class has been very carefully prepared. The dictation and reading were excellent. Arithmetic and geography are not so good. Last year in this class there were 28 boys, of whom 19 passed. The Upper Primary School, consisting of the IV. and V. classes, has been in charge of Mr. Hart with the assistance of monitors.

In the Middle School the I. class contains 16 boys, of whom 1 was absent sick, and the II. class 8 boys, with one absent. The average age in these classes is 14. All these boys were examined in reading, dictation, arithmetic and mensuration, and selected boys in grammar,

geography and Urdu. Their English reading and dictation were fair. In arithmetic and mensuration they show some want of readiness, and in English grammar their answering was not good. The boys of the II. class, with two exceptions, read and explained their Urdu Reader very correctly. Their English handwriting was excellent. On the whole, the condition of these classes is satisfactory, though there is a want of the careful preparation which is seen in the classes examined by the standards. The main strength of the Band probably is supplied from the lower classes of the Middle School, and this may be a reason for their comparative failure.

The III. class of the Middle School, being about to undergo the Middle School Examination for European Schools, was tested only in English reading and Urdu. Their English reading is well up to the standard. In Urdu they have made solid progress, but are not familiar with the Arabic words which are frequent in the literary form of the language. What they know seems to be as much as should be required in a purely European school, in which not more than one hour a day is given to the study of the vernacular. Last year there were 10 candidates for the Middle School Examination, of whom 6 passed. There are in the class now 14 boys, of whom 1 is in hospital. Their average age is 16 years. The Middle School is taught by Mr. Bonnaud, the Officiating Head Master, with the assistance of monitors.

Above the Middle School are 9 monitors who have passed the Middle School Examination. Of these 5 are in their first year, 3 in the second year, and 1 in the third year. Some of them are preparing for Rurki and others waiting for suitable employment. Their services are valuable in teaching and maintaining discipline, and probably might be utilized to a still greater extent. The presence of a certain number of well-conducted senior boys is almost essential to the welfare of a large school. The monitors have morning and evening study with one of the masters or the Munshi; but there is no regular teaching or examination. This answers well enough in the case of an intelligent boy who is bent upon qualifying himself for Rurki, but, as a rule, boys cannot be left to study by themselves, and there should at least be frequent examinations in prescribed subjects. Discipline in the Boys' School is excellent, and its general condition very creditable to the masters.

5. *Results of examinations. The Girls' School.*—The Girls' School contains only a primary department and monitress' class. The I. class contains 22 girls. They can write neatly and correctly from dictation, and work sums in simple short division. Their average age is 9. In the II. class there are 19 girls, average age 10. They passed a very satisfactory examination. In the III. class there are 36, including 7 girls promoted from the II. class, in order that they might have a chance of passing the Lower Primary Examination. With the exception of 2 in hospital, all passed. Last year there were 24 candidates for this standard of whom 16 passed. In the IV. class there are 16 girls. Their English dictation was excellent, their reading correct, and the arithmetic, with some exceptions, good. In answering questions on grammar and subject matter most of them failed, partly owing to teaching of too mechanical a kind, and partly because of shyness.

The V. class, including some recent promotions, contains 25, of whom 2 were in hospital. All passed the Upper Primary Examination. It will be sufficient to say that this is the best prepared class in the school. Every girl obtained good marks in every subject. The average age is 13, and somewhat less than in the corresponding class of the Boys' School. Last year 19 girls were presented in this standard, of whom 11 passed. The monitress' class numbers 13. Their average age is 15. The Girls' School has been in charge of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver and Mrs. Annett with the assistance of monitresses. Mrs. Annett teaches singing very successfully.

6. *General remarks on the School work.*—The excellence of the school work was commended by Archdeacon Baly, who made a very thorough examination 2 or 3 years ago, and by Dr. Stulpnagel, who inspected last year. The number of passes by the standards is, however, much larger this year, and may perhaps be attributed to a too lenient examination. But those who were likely to fail were examined more carefully than the rest, and I believe

that the present results are due merely to very careful preparation, and to the encouragement of previous good reports.

7. *Physical condition of the children.*—The children in the Infant School (Orphanage) look well, and are clean and neatly dressed, with the exception of their boots, which fit badly and are not properly laced. Their clothes are of good material, with the exception of the socks supplied by the contractor. The bedding is ample in quantity, but in part of inferior quality. Owing to the neglect of the dhobi the supply of bed and table linen was insufficient. The bath-room, kitchen and latrine were clean and in good order. The windows looked as if they were never cleaned, and some of the glass had been broken for months. The Girls' School is in fair order, though a higher standard of neatness might be maintained. The girls are generally neatly dressed and look well. The lowest division of boys, numbering 63, in the I. class, are very badly dressed and not very healthy in appearance. They are too young to wash and dress themselves, and seem to require more care. The older boys are generally neat and look well. Dr. Lyons considers their physique less robust than that of the girls. The sick list has always been rather high at Sanáwar, and very high compared with the Lawrence Asylum at Murree. As it varies with the season, probably it depends more upon climate than preventible causes. There are a few cases of goitre among the girls, which Dr. Lyons attributes to the chemical quality of the water. The establishment is well supplied with Macnara filters, and the drinking water is apparently excellent and abundant.

8. *Industrial employment of the boys and girls.*—For many years the attention of Government and of inspecting officers has been directed to the question of making the scholars more helpful, and to their instruction in useful occupations. It does not appear that much good can be done in the way of teaching trades, and this kind of instruction in addition to literary education must be expensive. The boys have a very good band, and no less than 85 learn instrumental music. The Principal furnished a list of household duties required from the girls. If the scheme were thoroughly carried out, it would be sufficient. The girls are expected to wash and dress the younger children, sweep the rooms, clean boots, candlesticks and lanterns, make the beds, &c. They make up their own clothes, knit stockings, and do a little fancy work. The elder girls learn to cook in a small kitchen. A number of girls learn to sew pretty well, but on the whole there is not much to commend in this department. There are no skilled instructors, and no such attention given to the work as in the school-room. On the other hand, complaints that the girls do nothing for themselves are very much exaggerated. They do a good deal, but not so well or so much as would be possible with more complete arrangements for instruction and supervision.

9. *Supply.*—It appears from the reports that the expenditure upon clothing and provisions is sufficient or excessive, and that in quantity and quality there is no fault to find. This was Archdeacon Baly's opinion. Possibly recent efforts in the direction of economy have affected the quality of the supply. The Principal thinks that the meat and bread supplied by the Commissariat are more costly and inferior in quality to what was formerly supplied by the contractors. Dr. Lyons says that the price paid for milk to the contractor, a rupee for 16 seers, is too low, and considerably less than what is paid by the Commissariat in Kasauli. The milk which I tasted was good, but watered. The bread in the Orphanage inferior, and in the Boys' School excellent, though supposed to be of the same batch. The meat inferior. Meat and bread are still supplied by the Commissariat, though sanction has been given to employ the contractors again.

As I mentioned before, the material for clothing is good. Bed and table-linen, and knives and forks, are all very inferior. The English boots are good, but it is not easy to fit them and a considerable number are still in store on this account. On the whole it appears to me that more efficient control over the supply department is to be desired.

10. *General arrangements.*—The discipline of the scholars both in school and out appears to be very good. What seems to be wanted is more efficient supervision of the sergeants, matrons and monitors by the Principal and his wife, or by other officials of a superior

grade. The excellent staff of teachers might do good service by their presence at meals and in the dormitories, but teachers are sometimes young or otherwise unsuited to exercise authority over the sergeants and matrons, and it would not be convenient to make a general rule for entrusting them with such powers. I do not mean to say that the scholars are neglected, but there is much which might be done by the watchful and sympathetic care of a lady or gentleman possessed of a talent for organization. As regards suggestions of improvements by inspecting officers, it often happens that there are special difficulties in the way of reforms which at first sight may appear to be obvious, and it is probable that the details must be left to those who are permanently in charge.

11. *The Committee of Management.*—The Committee of Management usually meet once a month. They nominate scholars, read the medical reports, and occasionally visit the different departments and make recommendations. They do not take an active share in the management. It has been proposed to dispense with the Committee, but I believe that the experience of the Murree Asylum is in favor of making such a Committee more efficient. It is not necessary that they should exercise any direct control over the Principal.

12. *The Office.*—I inspected cursorily the account books which are apparently in very good order. I observed that the accounts for August showed a balance of upwards of Rs. 5,000 due to the Principal. Mr. Cole explained that the amount, which is unusually large, is on account of payments for winter clothing. He is at liberty to draw advances from the public treasury, but finds it more convenient to use the balances in the Asylum Treasury. In reply to an official letter he informs me that it has been the practice to deposit in the Asylum Treasury not only Government Funds but others, such as children's pocket-money, offertories, &c., and that he has invariably kept a balance of his own at credit in the same Treasury in order to meet any charges in excess of those adjusted by Government Funds during the month. It appears to me that this practice of depositing private funds in the Asylum Treasury is open to objection and should be discontinued. One of the funds in the Asylum Treasury, of which no notice appears in the published accounts, is a fund for the maintenance of a school for native children in the Contractor's Bazar. It appears that an officer, many years ago, made over a house at Dagshai to the Principal for this purpose. The house which now rents for Rs. 70 a month was rebuilt by Mr. Cole in 1876, and also the school building at Sanáwar which had fallen into disrepair.

It appears that there are no records in the Asylum of the transfer of this house property at Dagshai, but I have called upon the Principal to ascertain and report the circumstances. The Principal has treated this property as if it were merely a private trust, but it should certainly be brought under the cognisance of Government.

13. *The buildings and grounds of the Asylum.*—The buildings and grounds are generally in excellent order. It might be inconvenient to the Public Works Department to furnish complete accounts for the report of the Asylum, but the omission of charges for new buildings and repairs tends to nullify all calculations of the cost of the establishment. While the supply of necessaries to the scholars has fallen somewhat below the mark, pretty little cottages with red roofs and green verandahs have sprung up, two for the use of officials and one a reception bungalow for children about to be admitted and their friends.

The boys' play-ground is stony and uneven, and the gymnasium, in the opinion of Dr. Lyons, even dangerous from the same cause. It would be a good employment for the boys to dig up and level the play-ground, removing the large stones, and gravelling it with the rocky earth which is found on the spot. Proper arrangements might then be made for teaching gymnastics. The infant school and the girls have no suitable play-ground, and I am unable to recommend sites for them. The ground about the infant school, however, might be improved.

14. *General Remarks.*—Public opinion has been for some time dissatisfied both with the system and with the management of the Sanáwar Lawrence Asylum. There are, however, many good points in both, and there is some danger that injustice may be done to Mr. Cole,

X | who has undoubtedly in some respects been a very successful Principal. I cannot agree with Archdeacon Baly that there is little or no fault to find except with the lavish expenditure, but on the other hand, due credit should be given to the Principal for the excellence of the school and the absence of complaints of irregularities and misconduct, and for the good character which the former scholars of the Asylum generally bear in the world. There is need of reform in many ways, but there is nothing radically wrong and incapable of amendment.

No. 26 D., dated 2nd June 1884.

From—The Principal, Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanáwar,
To—The Officiating Director of Public Instruction, Punjab.

IN continuation of this office No. 8 D., dated 29th April 1884, I have the honor to forward herewith the result of the *vivá voce* examination in Holy Scripture of the boys and girls of the Asylum for publication with Mr. Cole's annual report.

2. The result of the written examination will reach your office hereafter, arrangements for the same having been made.

Report of Examination (*vivá voce*) in Scripture of the Sanáwar Lawrence Military Asylum Boys' and Girls' Schools,
dated 12th May 1884.

ON Wednesday, the 7th May 1884, I examined the Boys' Middle School, classes I, II and III; the Upper Primary School, classes IV and V; and Lower Primary School, classes II and III.

On Thursday, the 8th May, I examined the Lower Primary School class I Boys' and the whole of the Girls' School, containing Preparatory Teachers' class; the Upper Primary School, classes IV and V; the Lower Primary School, classes I, II and III; and the Infant School.

As the examination on both days was of a most general nature, time only permitting the examination of the children in each class *en masse*, so the report must be in general terms.

The majority of the children in both schools could repeat the Church Catechism, and the meaning as well as the words had evidently been taught them. A few of the girls both in the Preparatory Teachers' class and in the V class Upper Primary School, answered nearly all the questions I put to them on the sense of the different parts.

The knowledge of the leading events and characters in both the Old and New Testaments was evident, and as general as one could expect from the nature of the school into which large numbers of new children are continually being admitted. There were always a dozen or more in each class who had a fair knowledge of the subject under examination, and some two or three who answered very well. The Lawrence Military Asylum has a great advantage over the Army and Railway Schools in the plains of India, not only on the score of climate, but also on account of the regular attendance of the children, and freedom from interruption in their studies. One would therefore naturally expect to find the children better instructed and readier to answer, and this, as far as my experience goes, and from the examination I have just held, I am satisfied is the case.

Attached are the names of the children from the various classes that I selected for prizes.

SUBATHU :
May 12th 1884.

}
R. J. LANGFORD,
Chaplain of Subathu.

BOYS' SCHOOL.

Middle School III class	B. Cooper, E. Browne.
" " II "	J. Bartlett.
" " I "	A. Jardine, H. Bonnaud.
Upper Primary V "	E. Dempsey, C. Müller, F. McDowell.
" " IV "	L. Jackson, P. Holmes, J. Ogle.
Lower Primary III "	A. Cooper, F. Wilson, G. McLaurin.
" " II "	W. Marklew, A. Browne.
" " I "	Part (1) R. Teeling.
" " " "	" (2) H. Browne.

GIRLS' SCHOOL.

Preparatory Teachers' class	Emma Clarke, Jessie Ritchie.
Upper Primary V class	Caroline Longhurst.
" " IV "	Alice Mansell.
Lower Primary III "	Elizabeth Browne.
" " II "	Ada Parsons.
" " I "	Jessie Wright.
Infant School	Ethel Stratford, Charlotte Crawley.

No. 45 D., dated 18th July 1884.

From—The Principal, Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanáwar,
To—The Officiating Director of Public Instruction, Punjab.

I HAVE the honor to forward herewith the result of the written Holy Scripture examination of the boys and girls of this Asylum.

2. The Sir Herbert Edwardes' Scholarship has been awarded to James Wilkinson and Annie Kelly (with highest marks), each being awarded a prize amounting to Rs. 24, which will be distributed to them on Founder's Day next.

Results of Religious Instruction Examination Lawrence Military Asylum.

Subjects of Examination.

Subjects of Examination.

GIRLS.		St. John.	Kings.	General Knowledge of Scriptures.	Acts of Apostles.	Catechism.	Total.	BOYS.		St. John.	Kings.	General Knowledge of Scriptures.	Acts of Apostles.	Catechism.	Total.
Names.*								Names.*							
1	Kelly, Annie ...	37	50	34	27	35	183	1	Wilkinson, James ...	40	55	55	58	41	249
2	Ritchie, Jessie ...	23	48	40	34	24	169	2	Jenkins, Charles ...	39	38	49	44	43	213
3	Grant, Kate ...	30	25	21	12	33	121	3	Montgomery, M. ...	28	24	41	46	42	191
4	Clements, Selina ...	17	28	31	20	22	118	4	Giddens, Richard ...	37	32	47	37	36	189
5	Jameson, Lena ...	20	25	37	11	19	112	5	Sinclair, Henry ...	24	28	42	45	41	180
6	Baker, Betsy ...	20	24	27	14	24	109	6	Brown, Edwin ...	25	33	53	31	37	179
7	Hawksworth, B. ...	21	16	29	17	18	101	7	Bartlett, Allan ...	28	37	42	36	26	169
8	Jordan, Jane ...	24	20	27	15	13	99	8	Cooper, B. ...	30	37	45	17	27	156
9	Cunningham, Jennet ...	23	23	21	14	13	94	9	Binge, Walter ...	23	24	45	25	8	155
10	Williams, Alice ...	15	24	20	6	23	88	10	Barnes, Arthur ...	23	26	35	33	37	154
11	Roberts, Clara ...	13	17	35	5	17	87	11	Medley, Lewis J. ...	28	20	40	20	13	121
12	Davin, Evelyn ...	17	21	20	10	15	83	12	Flynn, J. W. ...	18	14	43	16	24	115
13	Taylor, M. I. ...	15	25	24	...	17	81	13	Clarke, Fred. ...	20	...	...	11	...	31
14	Stratford, A. ...	18	13	21	5	6	63	14	Moriarty, George ...	...	...	...	17	...	17
								15	Marklew, Alfred ...	...	...	...	9	...	9

(18)

N. B.

*N. B.—In order of merit.

No. 13 in carpenters' shop during part of the examination. Nos. 14 and 15 exempted from examination by Head-Master : hence the marks obtained are no criterion of their knowledge, and ought not therefore to appear in the reports, as they are likely to mislead.

Sanitary and Medical Report for the year ending 31st March 1884, by Surgeon Major R. T. Lyons, M. D., in Medical charge of the Lawrence Military Asylum.

I.—GENERAL HEALTH.

MUCH sickness prevailed amongst the children during the past official year. The admissions into hospital amounted to 682—a marked increase over previous years. The increment was due chiefly to the greater prevalence of fever, among which were several clear cases of typhoid, during the first-half of the year. During the second-half of the year the health of the children all round was remarkably good.

II.—MORTALITY.

One death occurred during the year—a delicate boy, 5 years of age, who had been barely six months in the Institution. He suffered from a severe form of dysentery, which resulted in extensive ulceration of the anus and rectum.

III.—AVERAGE STRENGTH AND DAILY SICK.

Average strength	...	}	Boys	... 237.33
			Girls	... 179.91
			Total	... 417.24
Average daily sick	...	}	Boys	13.62
			Girls	.. 14.58
			Total	... 28.20
Ratio per cent. of daily sick to strength.	...	}	Boys	... 5.73
			Girls	... 8.10
			Total	... 13.83

IV.—ADMISSIONS.

The admissions into hospital were due to the following diseases, arranged in the order of frequency :—

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Fevers	126	39	165
Diarrhœa	16	23	39
Tinea Favosa	21	18	39
Bronchial Catarrh	52	10	62
Chilblains	12	2	14
Tinea Tonsurans	8	11	19
Eczema	10	15	25
Tonsillitis	9	2	11
Dyspepsia	4	18	22
Dysentery	7	9	16
Stomatitis	5	12	17
Croup	6	8	14
All other diseases	152	87	239
Total	428	254	682

V.—FEVERS.

A fourth part of the total admissions for the year was due to this class of diseases. The entries were as follows: 8 for typhoid fever, 22 for simple continued fever, 125 for febricula and 10 for intermittent fever. The 8 cases of typhoid fever were well marked, and of much severity; the cases returned as simple continued fever, and many of those returned as febricula

and intermittent fever, were, I am of opinion, also examples of the same disease, but in a mild and modified form. These fevers prevailed more amongst the boys than amongst the girls. The months of greatest prevalence were May, June, July and August; the last case amongst the boys occurred at the close of November, and amongst the girls, a month earlier. Since that date to the close of the official year (31st March) fever has almost absolutely ceased amongst the children, there having been but a single case amongst the boys and another amongst the girls of slight fever of a few days' duration.

It was remarkable that the fever prevailed exclusively amongst the school children. The native residents on the estate escaped altogether, although they exceed the children in number. Only 4 cases of simple fever of a few days' duration occurred amongst the natives during the whole official year, *viz.*, 1 in May, 1 in October, 1 in December, and 1 in January; a similar immunity was enjoyed by the officials and their families, there having been only 5 trifling cases amongst them during the entire year.

VI.—DYSENTERY, DIARRHOEA AND DYSPEPSIA.

Dysentery was more frequent and severe in character than in the previous year, and was contemporaneous with the fever. There was nearly the same amount of diarrhoea as in the previous year. Dyspepsia of a simple form occurred to about the same extent as in previous years, and, as usual, greatly in excess amongst the girls.

The officials and the native employés were almost free from the above disorders, only 2 cases of dysentery having occurred amongst the natives,—1 in May, which recovered in 4 days, and 1 in July, which endured for 12 days.

VII.—SKIN DISEASES.

There were 83 cases of these diseases, pretty equally distributed amongst the sexes. They were all young children otherwise in good health. It is impracticable to eradicate these diseases of the scalp without placing the little patients in strict quarantine for prolonged periods. The elder children are free from cutaneous diseases.

VIII.—BRONCHIAL CATARRH AND CROUP.

X | Although the past winter was very mild, it is noteworthy that the cases of respiratory diseases were greater in number than in the previous year, in which the winter was of great severity. The increase was probably due to the circumstance that the cloth ceilings of the boys' barrack-rooms were removed during the winter, and were not replaced for many weeks, so that the boys were subject at night to innumerable currents of cold air coming in through the chinks in the boarded floors.

IX.—CHILBLAINS.

Owing to the mild winter, there has been much less of this complaint than in previous years.

X.—STOMATITIS.

There was an increase of 5 cases of this affection—17 against 12 last year: all observed in young children.

XI.—ERYSIPELAS.

There were 5 cases of this disease; they formed a continuation of the series that occurred at the close of last official year. It was found necessary in order to stamp out the disease to take special measures, that is, absolutely to isolate the patients affected. This was

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done by removing the cases as they occurred to tents, and providing them with special attendants. The disease was exterminated in June, but not before it had effected serious and fatal mischief, though not amongst the wards of the institution.

XII.—MEASLES.

This disease was imported into the institution in the month of March : a girl aged 6, with the eruption of measles very manifest on her body, was with a younger sister brought direct to the girls' hospital by her father, a Non-Commissioned Officer, on the afternoon of the 10th March. Both children were within half an hour removed to the reception house, which is in an isolated situation at the entrance of the estate. The child speedily recovered and her sister shortly after took the disease; both children are now convalesce. Up to date (April) no case of the disease has occurred.

On several former occasions measles had been introduced by children coming up from the plains. Since 1870, 3 epidemics had been thus originated. An epidemic, which began in March 1871 and terminated in May 1871, was the cause of the death of 6 children of 80 affected. A second epidemic began in March 1876 and terminated in May 1877; there were 139 cases without a single casualty. A third epidemic occurred in October 1879 and terminated in May 1880; 96 children were affected, of whom 1 only died.

The frequent occurrence of epidemics in the Asylum indicates the urgent need for the provision of means for the early separation of affected children. If small epidemic hospitals, built in isolated situations, be regarded as unduly expensive, a couple of commodious tents, one for each sex, with smaller tents for nurses and attendants, will afford an economical, facile and effective mode of separating the first cases of dangerous contagious diseases, and thereby of preventing epidemics. Two large tents for the sick and two small tents for attendants ought to be part of the stock of the hospital, always at the disposal of the Medical Officer, to enable him to meet emergencies of this nature.

XIII.—CONSERVANCY.

The dry earth system is satisfactorily carried out.

The situation of the cemetery is objectionable, being in the midst of the living and above the spring. It should be closed, and all future interments should be made in the new ground marked out some years ago on the Dagshai road.

XIV.—DIET.

The quality of the rations, with the exception of the milk, has been on the whole fairly good during the past official year. The children are sufficiently nourished, but the boys are somewhat spare, and do not appear to be in as good condition as the girls. A second help at meals is desirable for the boys.

The milk is obtained from villages in the neighbourhood within ten miles and beyond. It is skimmed, watered and boiled, and then delivered for issue. The officials and native residents do not use the milk supplied for the use of the children, and to this circumstance may be attributed their remarkable immunity from typhoid fever and bowel disorders, from which the children suffered much.

XV.—WATER.

The water of the Sanáwar spring was chemically examined in December last, and found to be of good quality, though somewhat hard. The supply from the spring was insufficient during the past year for the wants of the institution, and recourse was necessarily had to the springs in the neighbourhood, *viz.*, to those at Gurkul and Kasauli. The spring at Kasauli over the Brewery is very abundant, and as the water percolates through an immense depth of

soil, it is preferable to the water from the Sanáwar spring. It may be found more economical to supply the Asylum from this source by means of a system of pipes and a steam pump than by the present costly, inconvenient and not very cleanly mode of distribution by *pakháls* and *mussaks*, made of roughly tanned hides.

The hardness of the water of the Sanáwar spring is probably the cause of the goitre existing amongst the children. The filters do not appear to reduce the hardness to any appreciable extent. At a special examination of the children made at the close of the official year, 25 girls and 12 boys were found to have goitre, more or less developed, that is, 1 in every 7 girls and 1 in every 20 boys. In former years the water was boiled instead of being filtered as at present, but the amount of goitre appears to have been about the same. In 1870, Dr. Duka recorded that 28 out of 179 girls were affected with goitre. A more efficient process than boiling or filtering for the removal of hardness in the water would appear to be necessary, and such a process, known as Clarke's, may be found efficient and practicable to carry out on a large scale if the present mode of distribution of the water be changed, as above indicated.

XVI.—CLOTHING.

The clothing of the children is suited to the climate.

No. 935, dated 7th May 1884.

From—DENZIL IBBETSON, Esquire, Offg. Director of Public Instruction, Punjab,
To—The Principal, Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanáwar.

I HAVE the honor to acknowledge your letter No. 8, dated 29th April 1884, forwarding the Annual Report on the Lawrence Asylum for 1883-84 by the Rev. Mr. Cole, and to request that you will be so good as to furnish me with more detailed information regarding the diet.

2. In your covering letter you state that the children no longer receive the quantity of food laid down in the prescribed scale (Appendix *f*). I note also that in paragraph 14 of his report the Medical Officer notes that the boys are somewhat spare and do not seem to be in as good condition as the girls, and that a second help at meals is desirable for the former. I should be obliged by your informing me in what respects and to what extent the prescribed dietary is departed from; whether there is a competent authority for such departure; and if there is no such authority, whether you see any objection to the scale laid down being adhered to for the future. I should be glad if you would also consult the Medical Officer as to whether he thinks this should be done.

3. I notice that the dietary includes "milk." But Dr. Lyons in his paragraph 14 states that the milk, which Mr. Cole describes as very poor in the first instance, is "skimmed, watered and boiled" before issue. I should be glad to learn the reasons for this practice, and whether you and Dr. Lyons consider that it should be continued.

No. 18 D., dated 20th May 1884.

From—The Principal, Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanáwar,
To—The Offg. Director of Public Instruction, Punjab.

I HAVE the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your No. 935, dated 7th instant, and to state as follows :—

1. According to existing records the allowance of meat for each child was reduced by the Rev. Mr. Cole from 3 to 2 ozs., and the other articles of food were reduced in proportion to the above.

2. No competent authority for a departure from the dietary scale can be found in this office further than the recommendation of Archdeacon Baly in his report dated 20th April 1881, *vide* page 3.

3. I do not think that the old scale need now be adhered to, for the following reasons:—

(a) I have introduced the practice of clearing 10 per cent. for bones, so that 100 lbs of meat represents what was formerly supposed to have been 110 lbs.

(b) I have organized a careful system of supervision by which it is quite impossible for the food to be wrongfully used or misapplied.

(c) This strict supervision has put a stop to various malpractices, by which the supply of food was to a great extent diverted from its proper use.

4. I am of opinion that under present circumstances the children are better fed than they have been for some time, and that the quantity of food is sufficient for them. My inquiries on this point from the children themselves warrant the foregoing conclusion.

5. Surgeon-Major Lyons considers that the scale in Appendix "f" should be reverted to in the case of the boys, but I think, for the reasons already given, that under the present system of constant and immediate supervision over the rations the children really do get as much as the scale actually represents. The supply of potatoes might, however, be slightly increased, with advantage.

6. At present the milk contractor supplies a compound which he calls "milk, at 16 seers per rupee."

This, on the face of it, is sufficient proof that it is not milk, but rather an adulterated substance (mixed with a little cow's milk) which is brought in small quantities from various villages in the neighbourhood, and which then undergoes the process* of being boiled, skimmed, and finally, I presume, watered. A sample bottle of the above will be forwarded to you for inspection.

Extract from Medical Officers remarks.

* "The practice of skimming, watering, and boiling the milk ought to be stopped, and pure milk, as drawn from the cow, supplied."

7. A proposal has been made to the contractor that he should supply the Asylum with pure milk at a higher rate, to which, however, he will not agree. I estimate that the cost of pure milk would add to the expenditure about Rs. 3,200 per annum. That amount represents the present total annual cost on account of milk, and quite as much more would have to be paid to enable the institution to have the milk drawn straight from the cow into our own vessels.

No. 1142, dated Lahore, 27th May 1884.

From—DENZIL IBBETSON, Esquire, Offg. Director of Public Instruction, Punjab,
To—The Secretary to Government, Punjab, Military Department.

I HAVE the honor to forward for the information of Government the papers noted in the margin, consisting of the Principal's, Medical Officer's and Inspector's reports upon the Lawrence Military Asylum at Sanáwar for the year 1883-84, with attached papers. The report on the Scripture examination will be forwarded as soon as received. But I do not delay the submission of this Report till

1. Principal's Report on the Asylum for the year 1883-84, with annexures.

2. Sanitary and Medical Report by Surgeon-Major R. T. Lyons, M. D., in Medical Charge of the Asylum.

Inspector's Annual Inspection Report of the Asylum for 1883-84 (copy of this has already been forwarded under this office No. 2255, dated 20th October 1883).

it has reached me, as it is advisable that the circumstances explained below in paragraph 9 should be brought at once to the notice of Government. The Principal's report was written by the Rev. Mr. Cole, who has now resigned his appointment.

2. During the year the number of boys has increased by 1, and the number of girls decreased by 12. Of the boys who have left the establishment, 3 have passed the Roorkee Entrance Examination, in which 1 of them gained the first place.

Number of scholars.

3. Excluding the Special Object Fund, the total expenditure was Rs. 1,22,863 against Rs. 1,21,163 in the preceding year. The expenditure returned under the head of "Direction" for 1882-83 was Rs. 13,110 against Rs. 25,859 in 1883-84; but the pay of the Medical Officer appears to have been excluded from the former item. The cost of board decreased from Rs. 38,207 in 1882-83 to Rs. 32,297 in 1883-84: the cost of bedding and clothing similarly decreased from Rs. 15,415 to Rs. 12,392. The accounts show the average monthly cost per child for the past year to have been Rs. 25-14-6, or just within the prescribed limit of Rs. 26 per head.

4. Mr. Pearson's report on his annual examination and inspection of the school was submitted for the information of Government with this office No. 2255, dated 20th October 1883. The results of the examination seem to have been exceptionally good, and to reflect the highest credit upon the educational staff of the Asylum. The remarks made by the Inspector and Officiating Director on points connected with the general management and discipline of the school refer very largely to a system to alter which has been one of the main objects of the recent change of Principal, and I need not notice them here in detail. Mr. Hildesley will doubtless pay the attention that is due to the defects pointed out so gently by a kindly and independent critic, and the Inspector will be requested at his next annual inspection to pay special attention to the points noticed by Mr. Pearson in paragraphs 7, 8, 9, 11 and 13 of his report, and at the end of paragraph 4; and to report how far the suggestions then made have been acted upon, and the defects pointed out remedied. Some of the points noticed have already received special attention, and the whole system of instruction is now under consideration.

5. The sanitary condition of the Asylum has received much attention during the year. The supply of milk and water fell under suspicion as early as 1878-79, when steps were taken to improve the arrangements for the supply of water. In 1882-83 some cases of enteric fever again attracted attention to the subject, and the matter was reported upon by the Sanitary Commissioner and the Public Works Department, who recommended in a report received with your No. 2365 of 12th December 1883 that a dairy farm should be established, and that certain measures should be taken for the conservation and improvement of the water-supply. Plans and estimates are now being prepared in order to carry these suggestions into effect; and also to improve the arrangements for the quarantine of new admissions and the isolation of infectious cases—points which had already received attention in 1877-78. During the year under report the sickness was greater than in 1882-83; dysentery was more frequent and more severe; 8 well-marked cases of typhoid occurred, and some of the milder attacks are suspected to have been typhoidal. The disease, however, has disappeared entirely since November, and during the latter half of the year the health of the children is said to have been "remarkably good." Only one death occurred during the year, of a delicate boy who was attacked by dysentery. The filters which had fallen under suspicion

are now inspected weekly by the Medical Officer in accordance with the orders of Government.

6. The remarks made by Dr. Lyons (paragraph 12 of his report) on the necessity for providing effective means for the isolation of contagious cases are of great importance; and if the separate buildings proposed under the circumstances detailed in the preceding paragraph are not erected, the tents he asks for should, in my opinion, be supplied.* His remarks about the objectionable situation of the cemetery should also, I think, receive early attention. I have ascertained from the Principal that all that is known about the spot which Dr. Lyons states to have been already selected for the purpose is, that some spot marked by a low masonry pillar, and on the Dagshai road, was chosen some years ago. I think the Public Works Department might be asked to select a site in consultation with the Principal and Medical Officer, and to frame estimates of the cost of preparing it for use as a cemetery.

7. Dr. Lyons reports (paragraph 15) that 25 girls and 12 boys were found to have goitre more or less developed, This he attributes to the badness of the water, and suggests means of remedying its quality. The matter is a serious one; and it appears that the prevalence of goitre was reported as early as 1870. I would recommend that Dr. Lyons' remarks should be forwarded to the Medical Department for opinion.

8. In his forwarding letter Mr. Hildesley, the new Principal, remarks that the prescribed scale of diet is no longer adhered to, the children receiving less food than they would do if it were followed. And Dr. Lyons reports (paragraph 14) that the boys seem not to be fully nourished, and "would be all the better for a second help at meals." He also states that the milk, which Mr. Cole describes as exceedingly poor to begin with, is *boiled, skimmed and watered* before issue to the children. I at once addressed the Principal on the subject, and append copies of my letter and of his reply (my No. 935, dated 7th May 1884, and Principal's No. 18 D. of 20th idem). I think that the Principal should be requested to report jointly with the Medical Officer, three months hence, upon the effect of the changes which the former has introduced in the dietary arrangements.

9. The question of the milk-supply, however, is an urgent one. So long as the children are fed on "an adulterated substance brought from neighbouring villages in small quantities, and mixed with a little cow's milk," unhealthiness is not to be wondered at. The Principal estimates that the additional cost of a supply of pure milk would amount to Rs. 3,200 a year, or Re. 0-10-8 per month per child, which would bring the total cost up to Rs. 26-9-4, or 2 per cent. over the prescribed limit. Were it not that I understand myself to have no authority in the management of the institution, but to act simply as a channel of communication between the Principal and Government, I should request the former

to arrange at once for a supply of pure milk. On the above understanding, however, I confine myself to bringing the matter to the notice of Government. The question of starting a dairy in connection with the institution is now under your consideration; but meanwhile a supply of milk that shall be free from that certainty of adulteration which characterises the fluid at present used seems to me an urgent necessity that admits of no delay; and this, not so much because such milk is innutritious, as because of the very great danger of infection being communicated through milk drawn or adulterated from impure sources.

No. 1620, dated Lahore, 24th September 1884.

From—Colonel J. W. McQUEEN, C. B., Secretary to Government, Punjab, Military Department,
To—The Offg. Director of Public Instruction, Punjab.

I AM desired by the Lieutenant-Governor to reply to your letter No. 1142, dated 27th May 1884, forwarding the Report by the Reverend Mr. Cole on the Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanáwar, for the year 1883-84. This report the Lieutenant-Governor considers upon the whole satisfactory.

2. The number of children on the rolls of the Asylum were—

		<i>Boys.</i>	<i>Girls.</i>	<i>Total.</i>
At beginning of year	...	234	185	419
Removed	...	47	42	89
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
		187	143	330
Admitted	...	48	30	78
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At end of year	...	235	173	408
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Of those removed, 7 boys had obtained situations and 10 enlisted in the Army; and 7 girls had entered service. It is satisfactory to note that 4 boys recently passed the Entrance examination for Rurki College, and that one of their number took first place in the order of passing and secured a scholarship; and still more so that in eight years 8 Rurki scholarships had been gained by Sanáwar boys,—a fact highly creditable to the teachers.

At the close of the year there were 204 applicants for admission to the Asylum.

3. It is regretted that there had been a good deal of fever among the inmates, principally slight cases, but including also eight cases of typhoid of a somewhat severe type, and possibly several other cases of the same disease in a milder form. It is remarkable that the boys suffered much more from common fever than the girls; they were probably more exposed to the sun, and their helmets do not appear to be quite a sufficient protection.

One great factor in the sickness which existed must be looked for in the unsatisfactory quality of the milk supplied to the Asylum. The price allowed to the contractor seems to have been insufficient to secure a supply of pure milk. Indeed Surgeon-Major Lyons describes the milk as being boiled, skimmed and watered previous to delivery. Measures have been taken, since the receipt of this report, to restrict the use of milk to the quantity that can be obtained of a

pure and wholesome kind, and to pay the price necessary to obtain it of the best quality. The proposal to have a dairy on the estate, and supply the whole of the milk from cows kept on the premises, has been considered, but it is beset by numerous difficulties, and this plan probably need not be resorted to if a satisfactory supply can be obtained in the usual way.

The water-supply has also been under the careful consideration of Government. It may not be necessary to make any change beyond looking very carefully to the cleanliness of the filters, and possibly putting the water through the process of softening, which has been recommended by the Medical authorities as a preventive of goitre.

4. The examination of the school by Mr. Pearson, the Officiating Director of Public Instruction, in September 1883, was of a very careful and searching nature, and its results were, in His Honor's opinion, extremely satisfactory. This inspection was commenced by Mr. Pearson on the 17th of September and continued for five days. On the 24th, that officer, in company with Surgeon-Major Lyons, made a tour of the school buildings, and next day, assisted by two ladies, inspected the needle-work and house-work of the girls. Mr. Pearson was able to report very favorably on all the matters which came under his observation. He spoke very highly of the character of Mr. Cole's management, as shown by the absence of complaints of misconduct, the perfect discipline which prevails in all departments of the school, and the estimation in which former scholars of the Asylum are held throughout India. In this opinion His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor entirely concurs.

5. Mr. Cole retired on pension at the close of the year, and was succeeded by the Reverend J. Hildesley.

6. I am desired to add that this Report with the usual appendices will be published and distributed as formerly.

Appendix A.

The Principal, Lawrence Military Asylum, in account with Her Majesty's Indian Government.

Receipts.	Amount.			Total.			Disbursements.	Amount.			Total.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
By parent's fees	3,596	12	5				Balance due to the Principal on 1st April 1883 ...	593	4	1			
„ Her Majesty's Government	1,01,000	0	0				To European establishment	49,236	4	2	593	4	1
„ Special Object Fund receipts	7,957	1	8				„ Native ditto, including Printing Office ...	8,178	15	11	57,415	4	1
„ Miscellaneous items	2,391	10	0	1,14,945	8	1	„ Cost of provisions	* 32,296	9	2			
„ Amount of Commissariat Bills	16,374	7	5				„ Ditto bedding	1,746	10	0			
				16,374	7	5	„ Ditto clothing	10,645	6	3			
„ Amount re-credited to Government, as per Objection Statements.	5	4	11				„ Ditto washing	3,353	15	0			
				5	4	11	„ Ditto furniture	223	2	6			
Balance due to the Principal on 31st March 1884 ...	40	2	7				„ Ditto utensils	1,914	3	10			
				40	2	7	„ Ditto fuel and light	5,907	6	1			
							„ Ditto stationery (including school books) ...	1,196	11	7			
							„ Ditto water-supply	2,716	13	10			
							„ Ditto miscellaneous supplies, including Lawrence reward.	5,447	0	5	65,447	14	8
							„ Items in Special Object Fund	7,409	5	8	7,409	5	8
							„ Founder's day expenses	499	10	6	499	10	6
Total				1,31,365	7	0	Total				1,31,365	7	0

* Including cost of carriage.

Appendix B.

Special Object Fund Account from 1st April 1883 to 31st March 1884.

Receipts.	Amount.			Disbursements.	Amount.		
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
Balance in hand of Government on 1st April 1883	1,733	8	5	To purchase of cricket balls	45	0	0
By Subscription towards performances	195	0	0	„ Ditto prize books	33	0	0
„ Amount of “Cowell Legacy”	6,534	13	8	„ Mr. Wash Norton for two nights' performance	300	0	0
„ Donation from “Rájah Amar Chand”	200	0	0	„ Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal	6,534	13	8
„ Amount of accumulated interest on “Thayer's prize” to 30th June 1883 ...	7	14	0	„ Gratuities issued on Founder's day	126	0	0
„ Ditto ditto Sir Herbert Edwardes' Scholarship to 23rd October 1883 ...	47	0	0	„ Sir Herbert Edwardes' Scholarship	48	0	0
				„ Thayer's prize	8	0	0
				„ Repairs to tents lent for Founder's day	53	0	0
				„ Purchase of skipping ropes	18	12	0
				„ Rurki Examination fees	15	0	0
				„ Purchase of bladders for foot balls	12	0	0
				„ Ditto toys, sweets, &c., for Christmas Tree	199	8	0
				„ Coolie hire for conveyance of 1st Battalion K. O. B.'s Music stands from Dagshái on Founder's day	16	4	0
				Balance in hand of Government on 31st March 1884	1,308	14	5
Total ...	8,718	4	1	Total ...	8,718	4	1

Appendix C.

Special Prize Account.

Name of Scholarship,	Amount.			How disposed of.	Amount.		
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
Sir Herbert Edwardes' Scholarship	47	0	0	Jennie Müller	48	0	0
Lawrence Reward	30	0	0	George Reynolds and Winifred Parry	30	0	0
Thayer's Prize	7	14	0	James Weston	8	0	0
Hyde Bequest	99	0	0	Balance due	97	14	0
Total	183	14	0	Total	183	14	0

Appendix D.

Statement showing decrease in the Asylum Band during the year.

No.	NAMES.		Age.	Class in School.	Instruments upon which performed.	How accounted for.	REMARKS.
	Surname.	Christian.					
1	Abel	Frederick	13 $\frac{7}{12}$	L. P. III	Cornet	To England.	
2	Abel	William	15 $\frac{9}{12}$	M. S. II	Do.	Do.	
3	Bridger	William	13 $\frac{1}{12}$	L. P. IV	Do.	Do.	
4	Davidson	Alexander	14 $\frac{10}{12}$	M. S. II	Do.	Enlistment	9th Lancers.
5	Drinkwater	James	13 $\frac{9}{12}$	M. S. II	Trumpet	Do.	2nd Battalion, Royal West Surrey Regiment.
6	Dempsey	Thomas	14 $\frac{11}{12}$	M. S. II	Trombone	To Railway Workshops.	
7	Dunbar	James	16	M. S. I	Trumpet	Enlistment	4th Battalion, King's Royal Rifle Corps.
8	Emery	Henry	15 $\frac{6}{12}$	M. S. I	Baritone	Removed by father	Since joined East India Railway.
9	Fairclough	George	14 $\frac{7}{12}$	L. P. III	Cornet	Enlistment	2nd Battalion, Royal West Surrey Regiment.
10	Freeman	Frederick	14 $\frac{2}{12}$	M. S. I	Baritone	Enlistment	4th Battalion, King's Royal Rifle Corps.
11	Horton	George	13 $\frac{7}{12}$	L. P. I	Tenor Horn	Removed from Band.	
12	Kelly	Arthur	16 $\frac{8}{12}$	M. S. III	Bombardon	Removed by father	To La Martiniere School.
13	Kelly	James	14 $\frac{7}{12}$	M. S. II	Fife	Do.	Ditto.
14	Ogle	Joseph	15 $\frac{2}{12}$	M. S. I	Trombone	Enlistment	8th Hussars.
15	Smith	Edwin	14 $\frac{5}{12}$	U. P. V	Euphonium	Do.	1st Battalion, South Lancashire Regiment.
16	Smith	Elijah	15 $\frac{1}{12}$	U. P. V	Bombardon	Do.	2nd Battalion, Royal West Surrey Regiment.
17	Tidder	Walter	16	U. P. V	Cornet	Removed by mother.	
18	Tough	Charles	12 $\frac{6}{12}$	U. P. V	Cornet	To England.	
19	Wright	Albert	10 $\frac{3}{12}$	L. P. II	Side-drum and Triangle	Do.	

Appendix E.
LAWRENCE MILITARY ASYLUM.
A Course of Graduated Instruction on Religious Knowledge for the Schools.

Groups.	Class.	Old Testament.	New Testament.	Catechism.	Liturgy.	Passages to be committed to memory.	References and First Lines of Hymns, &c.
LOWER PRIMARY.	I.	Bible Stories.	Leading facts connected with the life of Christ. Not mere facts, but <i>useful</i> lessons.	The Creed, Lord's Prayer. Ten Commandments.	The Confession. 3rd Collect, Morning Prayer. 3rd Collect, Evening Prayer.	Easy texts containing Prayers, Precepts and Promises. The grace before and after meals. Eight easy Hymns. Parables of Prodigal Son and Good Samaritan. Psalm xxiii.	Jesu meek and gentle. O let him whose sorrow. Jesu Lover of my soul. Blest are the pure in heart. O Thou from Whom all goodness flows. When I survey the wondrous Cross. Now the day is over.
	II.	Oral and Collective Lessons on Scripture Characters and Events.	Early-life, baptism, temptation, death, resurrection and ascension of Jesus. A <i>practical</i> turn to be given to the lessons.	To know the text. To understand the meaning of words.	Ditto. Collects in Advent, also "O God whose nature and property is ever, &c. "Almighty God unto Whom all hearts be open, &c.	Ditto. Four parables and eight hymns. The prayers repeated at the opening and close of Divine Service. "O merciful Lord we are again permitted to assemble, &c. "Pardon O gracious Lord whatever we have done, &c.	Psalm xc. We love the place O God. I love to hear the story. There's a Friend for little children. Once in royal David's City. We are but little children weak. Come sing with holy gladness, &c.
	III.						
UPPER PRIMARY.	IV.	Pentateuch.	Gospels of St. Mathew and St. Luke. Life of Christ, with some portions minutely. Lessons to bear on <i>manners</i> and <i>general conduct</i> . Palestine.	Ditto. To write correctly from memory any portion of the text. Compare Catechism with the Confirmation Service.	The order and divisions of Morning and Evening Service. Collects for Ash-Wednesday, for Easter-Day, Whit-Sunday, the Seventh Sunday after Trinity, &c.	Ditto. Six parables and twelve hymns. Portions of Sermon on the Mount. 1 Cor. xiii. 1 Cor. xv., 47-58. Gal. v., 19-23. Psalm lxvii., Psalm xc., Psalm cl. Matt. xxv., 31-46.	Psalm ciii. Far from my heavenly home. Nearer my God to Thee. Rock of ages cleft for me. Onward Christian Soldiers. Our blest Redeemer ere He breathed. Be Thou my Guardian and my Guide, &c.
	V.	Outlines of Scripture History. Palestine.					
MIDDLE SCHOOL.	I.	General Knowledge.	Gospels of St. John and Acts of Apostles. Ideas on <i>duty</i> and <i>responsibility</i> . Principles for the regulation of daily life. Scripture Geography.	To answer in different words from text. Analysis (text-book). Scripture proofs (text-book).	The order and meaning of the various services. Prayer for all conditions of men. The General Thanksgiving. The first and last Collects in the Confirmation Service. Those at the end of the Communion Service.	Ditto. Portions from the Discourses of our Lord. Portions from the Epistles. Isaiah liii. Psalm cxxxix. Faith and duty of a Christian (text-book).	Mark xiii., 32-37. Luke ix., 23-26. John iii., 14-21. John x., 1-18. John xiv., 1-19. Phil. iv., 4-7. Rom. xii. 1 Pet. ii., 19-25, &c. Just as I am, without one plea. For a faith that will not shrink. For ever with the Lord. Come Holy Ghost our souls inspire, &c.
	II.	Prophecies with fulfillment. Scripture Geography					

"In the religious lessons given in open schools, all the leading truths of Christisnity shall be inculcated; but without unnecessary allusion to disputed points of faith or practice." *Vide* Rule 22.
 The "Herbert Edwards Scholarship" is awarded to a girl and boy in alternate years for proficiency in Scriptural knowledge. The conduct of those who compete for it must be exemplary.

J. COLE,
Principal.

Appendix F.

DIETARY TABLE FOR CHILDREN.

BREAKFAST DAILY.

Bread	...	8	oz.
Milk	...	8	oz.
Sugar	...	$\frac{1}{3}$	oz.

SUPPER DAILY.

The same as breakfast. On Sundays half ounce of butter.

DINNERS.

SUNDAY—“Roast Beef and Plum Pudding.”

Meat (roast)	...	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz.		
Potatoes	...	8	oz.		
Onions	...	1	oz.		
Salt (for whole)	...	7	lbs.		
Spice (ditto)	...	6	oz.		
Pepper (ditto)	...	8	oz.		
Pudding.	{	Soojee and flour	...	4 $\frac{1}{4}$	oz.
		Sugar	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
		Suet	...	$\frac{3}{4}$	oz.
		Milk	...	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
		Raisins	...	1	oz.

MONDAY—“Vegetable Soup and Meat.”

Meat	...	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
(and bones from Sunday)			
Potatoes	...	8	oz.
Bread	...	4	oz.
Onions	...	1	oz.
Vegetables	...	4	oz.
Salt (for whole)	...	7	lbs.
Pepper (ditto)	...	8	oz.
Flour	...	$\frac{1}{4}$	oz.
Rice for whole	...	12	lbs.

TUESDAY—“Pea Soup and Meat.”

Meat	...	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
Potatoes	...	8	oz.
Bread	...	4	oz.
Onions	...	1	oz.
Split peas	...	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
Salt (for whole)	...	7	lbs.
Pepper (ditto)	...	8	oz.

WEDNESDAY—(Winter season).

Salt beef	...	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
Potatoes	...	8	oz.
Mustard (for whole)	...	1	bottle.
Vinegar (ditto)	...	6	bottles.
Rice pudding	...	4	oz.
Sugar	...	1	oz.

WEDNESDAY—(Summer season).

Beef roast	...	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
Potatoes	...	8	oz.
Salt (for whole)	...	7	lbs.
Onions	...	1	oz.
Pepper (for whole)	...	8	oz.
Soojee or rice pudding	...	4	oz.

There are occasional variations made, such as giving tarts instead of puddings, kitchree, cutlets, &c., instead of soup and meat, salad with cold meat, water-cresses for breakfast, &c., when vegetables and fruit are in season.

Monitors and girl-orderlies get 4 bottles vinegar and 1 bottle mustard monthly.

THURSDAY—“Barley Soup, Meat, and Suet Pudding.”

Meat	...	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
(and bones from Wednesday)			
Barley	...	6	lbs.
Potatoes	...	8	oz.
Onions	...	1	oz.
Salt (for whole)	...	7	lbs.
Pepper (ditto)	...	8	oz.
Soojee and flour	...	4 $\frac{1}{4}$	oz.
Suet	...	$\frac{3}{4}$	oz.
Sugar	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
Milk	...	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz.

FRIDAY—“Stew and Dumpling.”

Meat	...	8	oz.
Potatoes	...	6	oz.
Soojee and flour	...	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
Onions	...	1	oz.
Salt (for whole)	...	10	lbs.
Pepper (ditto)	...	8	oz.
Spice (ditto)	...	6	oz.

SATURDAY—“Vegetable Soup and Meat.”

Meat	...	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
Potatoes	...	8	oz.
Bread	...	4	oz.
Flour	...	$\frac{1}{4}$	oz.
Onions	...	1	oz.
Vegetables	...	4	oz.
Salt (for whole)	...	7	lbs.
Pepper (ditto)	...	8	oz.
Rice (ditto)	...	12	lbs.

The Monitors, Sergeants, and Orderlies get additional breakfast.

Meat	...	8	oz.
Butter	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
Coffee	...	$\frac{1}{4}$	oz.

Twenty-four Band boys also get 8 oz. meat for breakfast.

SUPPER.

Tea	...	$\frac{1}{4}$	oz.
Butter	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	oz.

Appendix G.

Meteorological Observations.

MONTHS.			TEMPERATURE OF AIR.					RAIN.		REMARKS.		
			Highest in month.	Lowest in month.	Range in month.	Mean of all highest.	Mean of all lowest.	Mean daily range.	Approximate mean for month.		Number of days it fell.	Amount collected.
April	1883	...	84	45	19.16	76.96	37.83	39.13	57.39	4	1 $\frac{4}{10}$	
May	"	...	90	42	17.06	82.48	64.48	18.00	73.84	6	4 $\frac{1}{10}$	
June	"	...	87	60	14.86	82.73	67.86	14.87	75.29	8	3 $\frac{6}{10}$	
July	"	...	82	62	12.35	77.67	65.32	12.35	71.49	21	12 $\frac{9}{10}$	
August	"	...	81	61	11.80	77.09	65.29	11.80	71.19	12	6 $\frac{7}{10}$	
September	"	...	79	61	11.96	75.70	63.73	11.97	69.71	8	6 $\frac{9}{10}$	
October	"	...	76	49	15.16	71.35	56.19	15.16	63.77	...	...
November	"	...	66	42	13.83	60.10	45.96	14.14	53.03	6	2 $\frac{8}{10}$	
December	"	...	58	36	15.08	55.87	40.77	15.10	48.32	...	...
January	1884	...	59	35	12.77	55.35	42.58	12.77	48.96	2	$\frac{6}{10}$	
February	"	...	62	35	13.48	54.58	41.10	13.48	47.84	3	$\frac{3}{10}$	
March	"	...	78	44	15.80	67.41	51.61	15.80	59.51	8	$\frac{5}{10}$	
Total	...	...	902	572	173.31	837.29	642.82	194.57	740.34	78	39 $\frac{8}{10}$	
Mean	...	...	75.16	47.66	14.44	69.77	53.56	16.21	61.69	...	...

Appendix H.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE LAWRENCE MILITARY ASYLUM, SANAWAR.

GENERAL STAFF.

Reverend J. Cole	...	Principal and Chaplain.
Surgeon-Major R. T. Lyons	...	Medical Officer.
Sergeant A. Griffa	...	Clerk.
Mr. G. Watson	...	Steward and Storekeeper.
Mr. G. Hart	...	Organist.
Bahádur Shah	...	Hospital Assistant.
Narsingh Dás	...	Extra Hospital Assistant.

EDUCATIONAL STAFF.

Boys' School.

Mr. R. Bonnard	...	Head Master, Officiating.
„ G. Hart	...	Assistant Master.
„ E. A. Ten Broeke	...	Ditto ditto, Officiating.
„ T. Taylor	...	Ditto ditto, ditto.
Sant Lal	...	Munshi.
Bansi Lal	...	Ditto.

EDUCATIONAL STAFF.

Girls' School.

Mr. C. Oliver	...	Head Master, Officiating.
Mrs. B. Annett	...	Head Mistress.
„ D. Oliver	...	Assistant ditto.
Miss M. Sweetman	...	Infant School Mistress.
Mrs. M. Stephens	...	Female Cook.

MISCELLANEOUS STAFF.

Boys' School.

Sergeant J. Storer	...	Sergeant 1st Division.
„ W. Littlewood	...	Ditto 2nd ditto.
Mr. G. Wright	...	Band Instructor.
Sergeant G. Carruthers	...	Hospital Sergeant.
Mrs. M. Carruthers	...	European Nurse.

MISCELLANEOUS STAFF.

Girls' School.

Mrs. M. Stephens	...	Matron 1st Division.
„ M. Hawksworth	...	Ditto 2nd ditto.
„ C. Cooper	...	Ditto 3rd ditto.
Miss M. Scanlan	...	Hospital Matron.

Appendix

Annual Return of Sickness and Mortality among the Children of the Lawrence Military

Boys.			GENERAL DISEASES.													
Average strength ...	237.33		CLASS A.							CLASS B.						
Average daily sick ...	13.62		3	4	9	11	12	15 & 16	21	30	34	37	49	53	54	56
Ratio of sick to strength per cent. ...	5.73		Chicken-pox	Measles	Enteric Fever	Simple Continued Fever	Febricula	Intermittent and Remittent Fevers	Mumps	Erysipelas	Acute Rheumatism	Muscular Rheumatism	Scrofula	Purpura	Scurvy	Chlorosis
GIRLS.			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Average strength ...	179.91															
Average daily sick ...	14.53															
Ratio of sick to strength per cent. ...	8.10															
MONTHS.																
BOYS.	Admitted in April 1883	...	2	...	...	...	7	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" May "	...	...	...	...	...	17	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" June "	...	1	...	...	...	14	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
	" July "	...	2	...	...	...	26	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
	" August "	...	...	...	5	5	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" September "	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
	" October "	...	...	...	...	8	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
	" November "	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" December "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" January 1884	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" February "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	" March "	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total admitted	...	5	...	5	16	101	4	2	3	1	4	...	...	2	...
	Remaining on 31st March 1884...
GIRLS.	Admitted in April 1883	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
	" May "	...	3	...	...	...	3	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" June "	...	6	...	...	1	3	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" July "	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
	" August "	...	...	...	...	5	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" September "	...	...	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" October "	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	" November "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" December "	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" January 1884	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
	" February "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" March "	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total admitted	...	11	2	3	6	24	6	4	2	...	1	1	1	...	1
	Remaining on 31st March 1884...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Total admitted both sexes	...	16	2	8	22	125	10	6	5	1	5	1	1	2	1	

I.

Asylum from 1st April 1883 to 31st March 1884.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.			DISEASES OF THE EYE.					DISEASES OF THE EAR.	DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.	DISEASES OF THE ABSORBENT SYSTEM.	DISEASES OF THE GLANDS.
Epilepsy	Convulsions	Hysteria	Conjunctivitis	Keratitis	Nyctalopia	Hordeolum	Tarsal Ophthalmia	Inflammation of External Meatus	Syncope	Enlargement of Glands...	Goitre
93	94	99	111	125	163	170	177	290	243	273	280
..
..	1	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	..
..	1	..	1	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1
..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..
..	1	..	3	..	2	1	3	2	1	2	1
..
1	1	..	..
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	..	4	3	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	1	4	6	1	2	1	3	2	2	2	1

Annual Return of Sickness and Mortality among the Children of the Lawrence Military

Boys.			DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.						DISEASES			
Average strength	...	237.33	288	293	305	306	314	331	348	366	377	413
Average daily sick	...	13.62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ratio of sick to strength per cent.	...	5.73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
GIRLS.			Croup	Laryngitis	Bronchial Catarrh	Bronchitis	Asthma	Pleurisy	Stomatitis	Caries of teeth	Gum-boil	Ulcer of the tongue
Average strength	...	179.91										
Average daily sick	...	14.58										
Ratio of sick to strength per cent.	...	8.10										
MONTHS.												
Boys.	Admitted in April	1883	...	3	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	May	"	...	5	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
	"	June	"	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...
	"	July	"	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...
	"	August	"	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...
	"	September	"	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	October	"	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	November	"	2	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	December	"	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	January	1884	...	...	9	1	...	...	1	...	...
	"	February	"	2	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	1
	"	March	"	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total admitted			6	3	52	2	5	3	3	1
Remaining on 31st March 1884...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Girls.	Admitted in April	1883	3	...	3	...	1	...	3	...	1	...
	"	May	"	1	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...
	"	June	"	...	...	2	...	...	3	...	...	...
	"	July	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	August	"	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...
	"	September	"	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	"	October	"	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	November	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	December	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
	"	January	1884	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
	"	February	"	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	March	"	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total admitted			8	...	10	1	1	1	12	2	1
Remaining on 31st March 1884...			...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total admitted both sexes			14	3	62	3	1	1	17	5	4	1

Asylum from 1st April 1883 to 31st March 1884.—(Continued.)

OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.													DISEASES OF THE URINARY SYSTEM.			DISEASES OF THE ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.
Tonsillitis	Dyspepsia	Dysentery	Ascaras Lumbricoid	Taenia Solium	Diarrhoea	Colic	Constipation	Ulceration of the Rectum	Jaundice	Splenitis	Pyelitis	Hæmaturia	Phimosia	Wry Neck		
423	460	466	483-1	483-13	484	486	487	488	513	524	541	553	587	811		
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
1	1	1	...	1	1	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...
...	1	3	1	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	2	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	1	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	4	7	1	2	16	2	12	1	...	1	1	1	1	2		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	2	...	...	...	3	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	2	1	...	...	6	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	3	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	4	3	...	...	5	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	5	...	...	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	18	9	...	...	23	1	22	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
...		
11	22	16	1	2	39	3	34	1	2	1	1	1	1	2		

Annual Return of Sickness and Mortality among the Children of the Lawrence Military

BOYS.			DISEASES OF THE CUTANEOUS SYSTEM.										
Average strength ...	237.33		DISEASES OF THE CELLULAR TISSUE.										
Average daily sick ...	13.62		819	830	841	843	857	859	861	865	888	890	900
Ratio of sick to strength per cent. ...	5.73		Abscess	Urticaria	Herpes	Eczema	Chilblains	Ulcer	Boil	Whitlow	Tinea Tonsurans	Tinea Favosa	Irritation, caused by stinging insects
GIRLS.													
Average strength ...	179.91												
Average daily sick ...	14.58												
Ratio of sick to strength per cent. ...	8.10												
MONTHS.													
BOYS.	Admitted in April 1883 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	2	...	2	...
	" May " ...	...	1	...	...	2	...	1	1	1	1	...	...
	" June " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	2	...
	" July " ...	...	...	...	2	...	1	3	...	...	2	1	...
	" August " ...	...	1	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
	" September " ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...
	" October " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	...
	" November " ...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" December " ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	...
	" January 1884 ...	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...
	" February " ...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	2	4	...
	" March " ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	2	3	1
	Total admitted ...	...	2	...	1	10	12	6	14	6	8	21	1
	Remaining on 31st March 1884 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	...
GIRLS.	Admitted in April 1883 ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	3	2	...
	" May " ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
	" June " ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" July " ...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	3	...
	" August " ...	...	...	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	...
	" September " ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	5	1
	" October " ...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	...
	" November " ...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	" December " ...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
	" January 1884 ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
	" February " ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	...
	" March " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
	Total admitted ...	...	...	2	...	15	2	7	1	...	11	18	1
	Remaining on 31st March 1884 ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	4	...
Total admitted both sexes ...	...	2	2	1	25	14	13	15	6	19	39	2	

Asylum from 1st April 1883 to 31st March 1884.—(Concluded.)

III. CONDITIONS, &C.		V. INJURIES.						Total number admitted.	Total number died.	Average number daily sick.	Average strength.	Proportion of admissions to strength per cent.	REMARKS.
905 General Debility	992 Burns and Scalds	Contusions.	Fractures.	Wounds.	Sprains.	Blisters of feet.							
..	3	..	..	41	..	15.66	246	16.66		
..	1	2	2	..	52	..	12.06	247	21.05		
..	1	3	..	2	2	..	41	1	11.66	242	16.94		
..	..	2	..	1	2	..	60	..	17.38	241	24.89		
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	49	..	19.29	241	20.33	
..	2	1	..	21	..	15.60	240	8.75		
1	1	..	1	27	..	15.67	239	1.29		
..	3	..	1	33	..	15.43	235	14.04		
..	2	1	1	12	..	9.96	217	5.52		
..	..	2	..	2	2	..	28	..	7.29	237	11.81		
..	5	..	..	38	..	12.13	228	16.66		
..	1	4	..	..	26	..	11.41	235	11.06		
1	1	9	2	27	10	3	428	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	..
1	..	1	..	..	..	..	40	..	17.53	188	21.27	
1	1	33	..	12.83	185	17.83		
..	29	..	13.80	185	15.67		
..	28	..	15.25	185	15.13		
1	1	1	..	35	..	16.41	184	19.02		
..	22	..	15.93	180	12.22		
1	..	2	..	..	..	..	21	..	13.51	181	11.54	
..	7	..	13.00	177	3.95		
..	10	..	14.00	174	5.74		
..	8	..	14.70	172	4.65		
..	1	11	..	13.89	175	6.28		
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	10	..	14.12	173	5.78	
4	..	4	..	1	1	2	254	..	..	..	..
..	12	..	..	..	..
5	1	13	2	28	11	5	682	..	..	..	..

Appendix J.

BOYS WHO HAVE OBTAINED PRIZES.

SPECIAL PRIZE BY THE HON'BLE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, PUNJAB.

George Reynolds,—Teaching, Attention to duty, &c.

LAWRENCE REWARD.

Monitor George Reynolds (Rs. 15),—Mathematics, Urdu, and Excellent Conduct.

THAYER'S PRIZE.

James Weston (Rs. 8),—Attention to Duty and Exemplary Conduct.

Monitor.	Butcher, Robert	... Urdu, Instrumental Music, and Good Conduct.
	Cooper, Walter	... History.
	Halpin, Edward	... Scripture, Mathematics, and Good Conduct.
	Jenkins, Charles	... Urdu, Attention to Duty, and Good Conduct.
	Johnston, Rowland	... Mensuration and Algebra.
	Jordon, Charles	... Urdu, Mathematics, and Good Conduct.
	Montgomery, Maurice	... Singing and Attention to Duty.
	Roblin, Lewis	... Attention to Duty, and Office Work.
	Sadlier, Arthur	... Algebra, Attention to Drill, and Good Conduct.
	Wilkinson, James	... Drawing and Geography.

MIDDLE SCHOOL.

3rd Class.	Barnes, Meredith	... Arithmetic, Attention to Duty, and Good Conduct.
	Farmer, Frederick	... Mensuration, Instrumental Music, and Good Conduct.
	Parker, Charles	... Arithmetic, Geometry, and Algebra.
	Sinclair, Henry	... Scripture, Geometry, and Good Conduct.
	West, Arthur	... Urdu.
2nd Class.	Barnes, Arthur	... Urdu.
	Kelly, Arthur	... Instrumental Music and English.
	Medley, Lewis	... Urdu and Good Conduct.
	Moriarty, George	... Singing and Instrumental Music.
1st Class.	Davidson, Alexander	... Progress and Instrumental Music.
	Flynn, Jeremiah	... Urdu.
	Marklew, Alfred	... Exemplary Conduct.
	Russell, George	... Attention to Sick and Good Conduct.
	Sinclair, Alexander	... Singing and Instrumental Music.
	White, Clarence	... Attention to Duty and Good Conduct.

UPPER PRIMARY.

5th Class.	Abel, Charles	... Printing, Kindness to small boys, and Good Conduct.
	Browne, Edwin	... Progress.
	Cannell, Ramsey	... First in Class.
	Dunbar, James	... Grammar and Arithmetic.
	Jardine, Arthur	... Progress and Good Conduct.
	Mill, William	... Urdu, Instrumental Music, and Good Conduct.
	Owen, William	... Attention to Drill and Good Conduct.
4th Class.	Gaitely, Walter	... Urdu, Singing, and Instrumental Music.
	Holder, Walter	... First in Class.
	Morrison, James	... Progress.
	Sullivan, Owen	... Ditto.
	Wood, Samuel	... Ditto.
	Wright, Ralph	... Urdu.

LOWER PRIMARY.

3rd Class.	Arnett, Charles	... Progress and Instrumental Music.
	Bamford, William	... First in Class.
	Cannell, Percy	... Progress.
	Edgerly, William	... Second in Class.
	Everett, George	... Instrumental Music.
	Murphy, Ernest	... Reading.
	Ronson, Charles	... Arithmetic.
2nd Class.	Downes, Robert	... Progress.
	Gruener, James	... Urdu and Good Conduct.
	Hall, Thomas	... First in Class and Good Conduct.
	Marshall, William	... Progress.

1st Class.	Billingham, Alfred. Davin, Charles. Jardine, Donald.		Osborne, Richard. Madox, Henry. Massey, Alfred.		Radbourne, David. Teeling, Robert. Traynor, Alfred.
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GIRLS.

SIR HERBERT EDWARDES' SCHOLARSHIP.

Jennie Müller (Rs. 48).—Scripture, General Proficiency, Cutting out, and Exemplary Conduct.

SPECIAL PRIZE BY LADY AITCHISON.

Rose Clarke.—Scripture, Domestic Economy, Knitting, and Excellent Conduct.

LAWRENCE REWARD.

Winifred, Parry (Rs. 15).—Industry and Good Conduct.

Monitress.	Baker, Elizabeth	...	Attention to Sick and Good Conduct.
	Belcham, Agnes	...	Teaching and Good Conduct.
	Clarke, Emma	...	Scripture, Teaching, and Good Conduct.
	Higgins, Henrietta	...	Teaching, Industry, and Good Conduct.
	Holmes, Catherine	...	Scripture, Nursing the Sick, and Good Conduct.
	Kelly, Annie	...	Teaching and Good Conduct.
	Lovell, Alice	...	Industry and Good Conduct.
	Sadlier, Ellen	...	General Proficiency and Good Conduct.
	Stewart, Annie	...	Kitchen, Orderly and Good Conduct.
	Stewart, Emma	...	Attention to Sick and Good Conduct.

UPPER PRIMARY.

5th Class.	Cairns, Alice	...	Industry and Good Conduct.
	Clements, Selina	...	First in Class and Good Conduct.
	Davin, Eveline	...	Industry and Good Conduct.
	Ferguson, Minnie	...	Ditto ditto.
	Hawksworth, Blanche	...	Second in Class.
	Jordan, Jane	...	Industry and Good Conduct.
	Massey, Clara	...	Ditto ditto.
	Ritchie, Jessie	...	Progress and Good Conduct.
	Rose, Edith	...	Attention to Sick.
	Taylor, Mary Ann	...	Good Conduct.
	Whiting, Florence	...	Industry and Good Conduct.
	Williams, Alice	...	Progress and Good Conduct.
4th Class.	Fisher, Ida	...	General Proficiency and Good Conduct.
	Halpin, Elizabeth	...	Ditto ditto.
	Holland, Annie	...	First in Class and Good Conduct.
	Lawrence, Amy	...	Second in Class.
	Shaw, Mary Ann	...	Industry and Good Conduct.

LOWER PRIMARY.

3rd Class.	Bowen, Annie	...	Perseverance and Good Conduct.
	Cotton, Lillian	...	Ditto ditto.
	Lovell, Ellen	...	Second in Class.
	Parsons, Lydia	...	First in Class.
	Pereira, Henrietta	...	Industry and Good Conduct.
2nd Class.	Gaitley, Matilda	...	Progress and Good Conduct.
	Mansell, Alice	...	Ditto ditto.
	Tough, Miunie	...	Ditto ditto.
	Traynor, Agnes	...	Ditto ditto.
	Williams, Minnie	...	Ditto ditto.
	Yardley, Alice	...	First in Class.
1st Class.	Browne, Elizabeth	...	Progress and Good Conduct.
	Carruthers, Georgiana	...	Reading and Spelling.
	Hall, Jessie	...	Progress and Good Conduct.

INFANT TEACHERS.

Broadmeadow, Sarah.	McNaught, Eva.	Mitchell, Maude.
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INFANTS.

Green, Robert.	Jones, Louisa.	McLaurin, Alice.	Reynolds, Eleanor.
Green, Florence.	Lightfoot, Mary.	Müller, Sophia.	Sullivan, Elizabeth.
Green, Elizabeth.	| Marklew, Mary.	| Reid, Zenobia.	

J. COLE,

Principal.

Appendix K.

List of children in the Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanáwar, on 31st March 1884.

No.	Year of admission.	NAMES.		Name of Guardian or next of Kin.	Rank of Guardian or next of Kin.	Qualifications for admission.	Father's Rank and Corps.
		Surname.	Christian.				

Lawrence Military Asylum Foundation.—“Orphan Boys.”

1876	Béleham	...	James	...	Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Trumpet-Major, Royal Artillery.																																							
1880	Benson	...	Walter	...				Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Pension Establishment.																																				
1879	Benson	...	William	...							Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Private, 9th Lancers.																																	
1879	Benson	...	Henry	...										Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Corporal, Royal Artillery.																														
1867	Clarke	...	Frederick	...													Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Sergeant, Royal Engineers.																											
1879	Drinkwater	...	Charles	...																Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Sergeant, Railway Police.																								
1879	Jenkins	...	Charles	...																			Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Sub-Conductor, Public Works Department.																					
1874	Justice	...	Isaac	...																						Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Private, 1st Battalion, Royal West Kent Regiment.																		
1874	Montgomery	...	Maurice	...																									Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Gunner, Royal Artillery.															
1884	McDowell	...	Frederick	...																												Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Sergeant, Public Works Department.												
1880	Saddington	...	Henry	...																															Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Pension Establishment.									
1873	Whiting	...	James	...																																		Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Pension Establishment.						
1875	Wilkinson	...	James	...																																					Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Pension Establishment.			
1883	Price	...	Benjamin	...																																								Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Pension Establishment.
1883	Price	...	Frank	...																																											Not known.
1883	Prathington	...	Robert	...	Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.																																								
1877	Butcher	...	Robert	...				Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.																																					

Lower Orphan Foundation.—“Orphan Boys.”

1874	Bamford	...	William	...	Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Sergeant, Royal Artillery.																											
1876	Clarke	...	Henry	...				Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Drum-Major, 2nd Battalion, Devonshire Regiment.																								
1883	Gillon	...	John	...							Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Sergeant, 1st Battalion, East Lancashire Regiment.																					
1883	Gillon	...	Charles	...										Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Private, 1st Battalion, Royal Warwickshire Regt.																		
1880	Langford	...	Thomas	...													Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Sergeant, 1st Battalion, East Kent Regiment.															
1876	Massey	...	Alfred	...																Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Sergeant, Commissariat Department.												
1876	Medley	...	Lewis	...																			Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Private, 2nd Battalion, Lothian Regiment.									
1880	Meehan	...	Joseph	...																						Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Private, 2nd Battalion, Suffolk Regiment.						
1875	Murphy	...	Ernest	...																									Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Gunner, Royal Artillery.			
1876	Saddington	...	Samuel	...																												Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Sergeant, Royal Artillery.
1882	Vkeso	...	Francis	...																															Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Sergeant, Royal Artillery.

Lawrence Military Asylum.—“Fatherless Boys.”

1877	Ackley	...	Samuel	...	Mrs. Ackley	...	} Widow. ...	} Pension Establishment. Private, 8th Hussars.
1883	Annett	...	Ernest	...	" Annett	...		
1880	Bowen	...	William	...	" Bowen	...	} Wife of Civilian ...	} Gunner, Royal Artillery. Sergeant, Public Works Department. Private Corps of Armourers.
1882	Bowder	...	George	...	" Prince	...		
1879	Bristow	...	George	...	" Guest	...	} Wife of Sergeant ...	} Private, 2nd Battalion, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.
1881	Carr	...	William	...	" Carr	...		
1884	Carr	...	Richard	...	" Carr	...	} Widow ...	} Pension Establishment. Pension Establishment. Sergeant, Royal Artillery.
1884	Carr	...	Edward	...	" Carr	...		
1881	Cotton	...	Frederick	...	" Grinter	...	} Ditto ...	} Sub-Conductor, Miscellaneous List, Private, 19th Hussars.
1881	Cotton	...	Charles	...	" Campbell	...		
1883	Campbell	...	James	...	" Campbell	...	} Ditto ...	} Pension Establishment. Sergeant, Royal Artillery.
1881	Davin	...	Charles	...	" Davin	...		
1881	Davin	...	Arthur	...	" Davin	...	} Ditto ...	} Sub-Conductor, Miscellaneous List, Private, 19th Hussars.
1878	Dickson	...	Arthur	...	" Dickson	...		
1879	Dickson	...	William	...	" Dickson	...	} Ditto ...	} Pension Establishment. Sergeant, Royal Artillery.
1877	Downes	...	Frederick	...	" Downes	...		
1877	Downes	...	William	...	" Downes	...	} Ditto ...	} Sub-Conductor, Miscellaneous List, Private, 19th Hussars.
1878	Downes	...	Robert	...	" Duke	...		
1881	Duke	...	Arthur	...	" Duke	...	} Ditto ...	} Pension Establishment. Quartermaster-Sergeant, Royal Artillery. Private, 2nd Battalion, King's Royal Rifles. Pension Establishment. Private, 2nd Battalion, Sutherland and Argyll Highlanders.
1881	Duke	...	William	...	" Duke	...		
1881	Duke	...	Ernest	...	" Duke	...	} Ditto ...	} Sergeant, Royal Engineers. Private, 3rd Hussars.
1676	Farmer	...	Albert	...	" Farmer	...		
1877	Farmer	...	Herbert	...	" Farmer	...	} Ditto ...	} Subadar-Major, 40th Native Infantry. Color-Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Norfolk Regiment. Ditto 1st ditto Yorkshire Regiment.
1878	Flynn	...	Jeremiah	...	" Maskell	...		
1881	Gaitely	...	Walter	...	" Charlton	...	} Wife of Civilian ...	} Pension Establishment. Private, 2nd Battalion, Sutherland and Argyll Highlanders.
1882	Getley	...	Henry	...	" Gaitely	...		
1873	Giddens	...	Richard	...	" Getley	...	} Ditto ...	} Sergeant, Royal Engineers. Private, 3rd Hussars.
1877	Giddens	...	John	...	" Getley	...		
1881	Godfrey	...	Valentine	...	Mrs. Giddens	...	} Widew ...	} Subadar-Major, 40th Native Infantry. Color-Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Norfolk Regiment. Ditto 1st ditto Yorkshire Regiment.
1881	Godfrey	...	Albert	...	" Giddens	...		
1881	Godfrey	...	Andrew	...	" Godfrey	...	} Ditto ...	} Pension Establishment. Ditto.
1882	Hall	...	Thomas	...	" Godfrey	...		
1876	Halliday	...	William	...	" Burgess	...	} Wife of Corporal ...	} Pension Establishment. Ditto.
1879	Halliday	...	Henry	...	" Burgess	...		
1880	Hatt	...	Isaac	...	" Halliday	...	} Widow ...	} Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Gordon Highlanders. Assistant Apothecary, Military Department. Private, 1st Battalion, Wiltshire Regiment. Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Leinster Regiment.
1879	Jackson	...	Luther	...	" Halliday	...		
1880	Jameson	...	William	...	" Burke	...	} Wife of Civilian ...	} Pension Establishment. Ditto.
1880	Jameson	...	Edward	...	" Burke	...		
1876	Jardine	...	Arthur	...	" Jackson	...	} Ditto ...	} Ditto.
1881	Jardine	...	Donald	...	" Jackson	...		
1874	Johnstone	...	Rowland	...	" Hitcherson	...	} Ditto ...	} Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Gordon Highlanders. Assistant Apothecary, Military Department. Private, 1st Battalion, Wiltshire Regiment. Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Leinster Regiment.
1877	Kennedy	...	Charles	...	" Hitcherson	...		
1878	Lane	...	Francis	...	" Jardine	...	} Ditto ...	} Ditto.
7879	Lynch	...	Francis	...	" Jardine	...		
1819	Lynch	...	Thomas	...	" Leak	...	} Widow ...	} Private, 1st Battalion, Yorkshire Regiment.
		...		...	" Leak	...		
		...		...	" Kennedy	...	} Ditto ...	
		...		...	" Kennedy	...		
		...		...	" Lane	...	} Ditto ...	
		...		...	" Lane	...		
		...		...	" Lynch	...	} Ditto ...	
		...		...	" Lynch	...		

Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.

List of children in the Lawrence Military Asylum, Sandawar, on 31st March 1884—(continued.)

No.	Year of admission.	NAME.		Name of Guardian or next of Kin.	Rank of Guardian or next of Kin.	Qualification for admission.	Father's Rank and Corps.
		Surname.	Christian.				

Lawrence Military Asylum—"Fatherless Boys"—(continued.)

1880	Marklew	...	Alfred	...	Mrs. Marklew	...	Widow	...	Sergeant, Viceroy's Band.		
1880	Marklew	...	William	
1881	Marklew	...	Ebenezer	
1881	McCoy	...	William	...		„	Linell	...		Wife of Trumpeter	Sergeant, Royal Artillery.
1881	McCoy	...	Lester	...		„	Mitchell	...		Widow	Private, 1st Battalion, South Yorkshire Regiment.
1881	Mitchell	...	William	...		„	Moriarity	...		Widow	Sergeant, Royal Artillery.
1873	Moriarity	...	George	...		„	Chester	...		Wife of Sergeant	Sergeant, Sappers and Miners.
1881	Ritchie	...	Charles	...		„	Mitchell	...		Wife of Corporal	Corporal, 2nd Wiltshire Regiment.
1882	Ritchie	...	Friderick	...		„	Imrie	...		Widow	Private, 92nd Highlanders.
1883	Good	...	George	...		„	McCabe	...		Ditto	Bombardier 9-3, Royal Artillery.
1883	Good	...	Adam	...	„	Orr	...	Ditto	Private, 4th Battalion, Rifle Brigade.		
1883	Good	...	Albert	...	„	Parsons	...	Ditto	Pension Establishment.		
1884	Imrie	...	William	...	„	Tuite	...	Ditto	Sergeant, Royal Artillery.		
1883	McCabe	...	Robert	...	„	Shearman	...	Ditto	Corporal, 1st Battalion, Sutherland and Argyll Highlanders.		
1883	Orr	...	Robert	...	„	Sinclair	...	Ditto	Private, Ditto Ditto.		
1883	Parsons	...	John	...	„	Wren	...	Ditto	Sub-Engineer, Public Works Department.		
1873	Sharpe	...	Robert	...	„	Sutcliffe	...	Ditto	Pension Establishment.		
1880	Sharpe	...	Edward	...	„						
1874	Shearman	...	Frank	...	„						
1878	Sinclair	...	Benjamin	...	„						
1878	Sinclair	...	Henry	...	„						
1881	Sinclair	...	Frederick	...	„						
1876	Wren	...	Colin	...	„						
1876	Wren	...	George	...	„						
1880	Wren	...	Francis	...	„						
1883	Sutcliffe	...	Richard	...	„						

Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.

(46)

Lower Orphan Foundation—"Fatherless Boys."

1883	Ansell	...	Charles	...	Mrs. Ansell	...	Widow	...	Sergeant, 1st Battalion, Royal Irish Regiment.		
1880	Arnett	...	Arthur	...		„	Arnett	...		Do.	Ditto 2nd „ Royal Warwick Regiment.
1879	Bacon	...	Frederick	...		„	Bacon	...		Do.	Ditto 4th „ King's Royal Rifles.
1879	Bacon	...	George	...		„	Barnes	...		Do.	Subordinate Medical Department.
1877	Barnes	...	Thomas	...		„					
1877	Barnes	...	Arthur	...	„						

1872	Bartlett	...	Allen	...	
1872	Bartlett	...	James	...	
1873	Bartlett	...	Edward	...	" Jamieson ... Wife of Conductor
1882	Beazley	...	Robert	...	
1882	Browne	...	Edwin	...	" Beazley ... Widow
1882	Connell	...	Percy	...	" Cole ... Wife of Sergeant ...
1882	Connell	...	Ramsay	...	" Connell ... Widow
1877	Clements	...	Benjamin	...	
1877	Clements	...	William	...	" Clements ... Do.
1874	Cooper	...	Waiter	...	
1876	Cooper	...	Albert	...	
1876	Cooper	...	Alfred	...	" Cooper ... Do.
1883	Cockram	...	Reginald	...	
1881	Cockram	...	Francis	...	...
1881	Dempsey	...	Edward	...	...
1881	Edgerley	...	William	...	" Dempsey ... Do.
1881	Egan	...	Robert	...	" Edgerley ... Do.
1881	Egan	...	Henry	...	" Egan ... Do.
1877	Farmer	...	Frederick	...	
1878	Farmer	...	Thomas	...	" Roberts ... Do.
1875	Farmer	...	Ernest	...	
1882	Floyed	...	Thomas	...	" Maskell ... Do.
1879	Glenn	...	Archibald	...	" Floyed ... Do.
1879	Glenn	...	Henry	...	" Smith ... Wife of Civilian
1877	Grey	...	George	...	
1878	Gruener	...	James	...	" Grey ... Widow
1882	Harrison	...	Richard	...	" Watson ... Wife of Civilian
1879	Holder	...	Walter	...	" Harrison ... Widow
1882	Jarvis	...	Henry	...	" Poole ... Wife of Civilian
1882	Jarvis	...	William	...	" Jarvis ... Widow
1874	Jones	...	Pearce	...	
1883	Jenkins	...	William	...	" McIntosh ... Wife of Civilian
1882	Lyas	...	Wallace	...	" Jenkins ... Widow
1882	Lyas	...	Adolphus	...	
1881	Marshall	...	Allen	...	" Lyas ... Do.
1881	Marshall	...	John	...	
1882	Morrison	...	James	...	" Cobb ... Wife of Corporal
1882	Morrison	...	Gordon	...	
1882	Morrison	...	Albert	...	" Morrison ... Widow
1880	Meyer	...	Frederick	...	
1880	Mill	...	William	...	" Meyer ... Do.
1882	Muller	...	Charles	...	" Oldfield ... Wife of Civilian
1880	Osborne	...	Richard	...	" Muller ... Widow
1880	Osborne	...	Charles	...	" Osborne ... Do.
1873	Parker	...	Charles	...	
1878	Payne	...	Arthur	...	" Henderson ... Wife of Apothecary...
1882	Pereira	...	William	...	" McCannon ... Do. Civilian
1882	Pereira	...	Richard	...	
1877	Rouson	...	William	...	" Holmes ... Do. Apothecary...
	Rou-on	...	Charles	...	" Liddiard ... Wife of Sergeant

Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.

Subordinate Medical Department.
Private, 2nd Battalion, Cheshire Regiment.
Ditto ditto.
Sergeant, Royal Engineers.
Ditto, Public Works Department.
Honorary Ensign, Commissariat Department.
Sergeant, 2nd Scotch Rifles.
Private, 2nd Battalion, Devonshire Regiment.
Sergeant, Ditto Devonshire Regiment.
Sub-Conductor, Public Works Department.
Sergeant, Royal Artillery.
Private, 2nd Battalion, King's Royal Rifle Corps.
Sergeant, Public Works Department.
Ditto 1st Battalion, King's Own Borderers.
Farrier, 9th Lancers.
Sergeant, Unattached List.
Ditto, 11th Hussars.
Conductor, Ordnance Department.
Sub-Conductor ditto.
Sergeant, Royal Artillery.
Bombardier, Royal Artillery.
Private, 2nd Battalion, Warwick Regiment.
Corporal, Royal Engineers.
Barrack Sergeant.
Sergeant, Unattached List.
Ditto, Royal Artillery.
Sub-Conductor, Commissariat Department.
Bazaar Sergeant.
Sergeant, Public Works Department.
Private, 1st Battalion Kentish Regiment.
Subordinate Medical Department.
Sergeant, Royal Artillery.

List of children in the Lawrence Military Asylum, Sandwar, on 31st March 1884—(continued.)

No.	Year of admission.	NAME.		Name of Guardian or next of Kin.	Rank of Guardian or next of Kin.	Qualification for admission.	Father's Rank and Corp.
		Surname.	Christian.				

Lower Orphan Foundation—"Fatherless Boys."—(concluded).

1874	Sadleir	...	Arthur	...	Mrs. Sadleir	...	Widow	...	Sub-Conductor, Commissariat Department.
1883	Sadleir	...	Richard	...		...	...	...		...
1879	Thomas	...	George	...	,, Thomas	...	Do.	...	Gunner, Royal Artillery.
1878	Utting	...	George	...		...	...	...		...
1881	Utting	...	Albert	...	,, Radburn	...	Wife of Gunner	...	Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department.
1879	Whitby	...	Robert	...		...	...	...		...
1879	Whitby	...	William	...	,, Whitby	...	Widow	...	Officer.
1878	White	...	Clarence	...		...	...	...		...
1883	Joiner	...	William	...	,, Joiner	...	Do.	...	Band Master, 2nd Battalion, East Surrey Regiment.
1883	Joiner	...	Arthur	...		...	...	...		...
1883	Low	...	Robert	...	,, Low	...	Do.	...	Corporal, O-3 Royal Artillery.
1883	Low	...	William	...		...	...	...		...
1879	Smith	...	John	...	,, Smith	...	Do.	...	Gunner, Royal Artillery.
1879	Smith	...	Frederick	...		...	...	...		...
1884	Stephens	...	Clarence	...	,, Stephens	...	Do.	...	Barrack Sergeant.
1882	Williams	...	Albert	...		...	...	Do.		...

Lawrence Military Asylum—"Motherless Boys."

1882	Billingham	...	Alfred	...	A. Billingham	...	Corporal	...	1st Battalion, King's Own Borderers.
1877	Binge	...	Walter	...		...	...	...		...
1877	Binge	...	Albert	...	J. Binge	...	Pensioner	...	Pension Establishment.
1879	Binge	...	William	...		...	...	...		...
1884	Summerville	...	John	...	A. Summerville	...	Corporal	...	2nd Manchester Regiment.
1884	Summerville	...	William	...		...	...	...		...
1883	Rowling	...	Henry	...	J. Rowling	...	Bombardier	...	K-3 Royal Artillery.
1883	Rose	...	George	...		...	...	Do.		...
1883	Reid	...	Henry	...	A. Reid	...	Sergeant	...	Park Sergeant, Royal Horse Artillery.
1883	Reid	...	Albert	...		...	...	...		...
1883	Reid	...	Alfred	...	C. Mitchell	...	Pensioner	...	Pension Establishment.
1884	Mitchell	...	Charlesley	...		...	...	...		...
1881	Cole	...	Albert	...	A. Cole	...	Sergeant	...	2nd Battalion, Cheshire Regiment.
1876	Davidson	...	Scott	...		...	...	Do.		...
1877	Dolby	...	Maximillian	...	A. Dolby	...	Private	...	European Police, Calcutta.
1880	Emery	...	Alfred	...		...	...	...		...
1881	Everett	...	George	...	J. Emery	...	Pensioner	...	Viceroy's Band.
		...		...		...	...	Do.		...

Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.

1879	Green	...	Albert	...	T. Green	...	Private	...
1880	Guest	...	Percival	...	T. Guest	...	Sergeant	...
1880	Harland	...	John	...	J. Harland	...	Corporal	...
1880	Harland	...	William	...				
1878	Holmes	...	George	...	H. Holmes	...	Assistant Apothecary	...
1878	Holmes	...	Percy	...				
1882	Hunt	...	Edward	...	R. Hunt	...	Sergeant	...
1883	Hunt	...	Thomas	...				
1884	Holmes	...	Henry	...	H. Holmes	...	Assistant Apothecary	...
1883	Haydon	...	Henry	...	Collins	...	Private	...
1883	Green	...	George	...	T. Green	...	Sergeant	...
1883	Dale	...	Alfred	...	A. Dale	...	Lance Sergeant	...
1884	Braidley	...	John	...	T. Braidley	...	Private	...
1877	Leddingham	...	John	...	W. Leddingham	...	Sergeant	...
1877	Leddingham	...	Augustus	...				
1881	Madox	...	Henry	...	H. Madox	...	Sergeant	...
1880	McLawrin	...	George	...	J. McLawrin	...	Do.	...
1881	Nutting	...	Michael	...	C. Nutting	...	Private	...
1880	Ogle	...	William	...	J. Ogle	...	Farrier-Major	...
1882	Preston	...	Edward	...	G. Preston	...	Private	...
1881	Radbourn	...	David	...	C. Radburn	...	Gunner	...
1879	Reynolds	...	Albert	...	G. Reynolds	...	Conductor	...
1879	Stratford	...	Joseph	...	G. Stratford	...	Private	...
1881	Sullivan	...	Owen	...	O. Sullivan	...	Sergeant	...
1881	Sullivan	...	James	...				
1882	Traynor	...	Alfred	...	W. Traynor	...	Pensioner	...
1881	Wilson	...	W. James	...	J. Wilson	...	Private	...

Lawrence Military Asylum.—“Both Parents living—Boys.”

1881	Berryman	...	John	...	J. Berryman	...	Gunner	...
1884	Berryman	...	George	...				
1883	Brown	...	Albert	...	R. Brown	...	Pensioner	...
1883	Brown	...	Herbert	...	J. Cahoon	...	Gunner	...
1884	Cahoon	...	Frederick	...	J. Gurr	...	Driver	...
1884	Gurr	...	John	...	W. Lee	...	Sergeant	...
1884	Lee	...	George	...				
1884	Lee	...	Henry	...	G. Horton	...	Private	...
1884	Lee	...	William	...				
1881	Horton	...	George	...	S. Jones	...	Bombardier	...
1881	Horton	...	John	...				
1882	Jones	...	Henry	...	J. Welham	...	Sergeant	...
1882	Jones	...	Albert	...				
1882	Welham	...	Henry	...	J. Wilson	...	Pensioner	...
1881	Wilson	...	James	...				
1881	Wilson	...	Frank	...	W. Wood	...	Pensioner	...
1881	Wood	...	Samuel	...				
1883	Teeling	...	Robert	...	R. Teeling	...	Pensioner	...
1884	Hardie	...	Frederick	...	T. Hardie	...	Private	...

Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.

1st Battalion, Leinster Regiment.
4th Do. King's Royal Rifle Corps.
2nd Do. Royal West Surrey Begiment.

Subordinate Medical Department.

1st Battalion, East Lancashire Regiment.

Subordinate Medical Department.

Private, 2nd Battalion, Royal Munster Fusilliers.

1st Battalion, Leinster Regiment.

2nd Do. Border Regiment.

2nd Do. Lincestershire Regiment.

Unattached List

Royal Artillery.

Ditto.

2nd Battalion, Dorsetshire Regiment.

8th Hussars.

2nd Battalion, Border Regiment.

Royal Artillery.

Commissariat Department.

1st Battalion, South Lancashire Regiment.

2nd Do. Dorsetshire Regiment.

Pension Establishment.

1st Battalion, York and Lancaster Regiment.

Royal Artillery.

Pension Establishment.

Royal Artillery.

Ditto

4th Battalion, Rifle Brigade.

1st Battalion, Suffolk Regiment.

Royal Artillery.

6th Dragoon Guards.

Pension Establishment.

Ditto

Public Works Department.

9th Lancers.

List of children in Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanáwar, on 31st March 1884—(continued.)

No.	Year of admission.	NAME.		Name of Guardian or next of Kin.	Rank of Guardian or next of Kin.	Qualifications for admission.	Father's Rank and Corps.
		Surname.	Christian.				

Lawrence Military Asylum.—“Orphan Girls.”

1876	Belcham	...	Agnes	...	Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Trumpet-Major, Royal Artillery.
1876	Belcham	..	Constance	...				
1878	Collyer	..	Emily	...				
1881	Drinkwater	...	Florence	...				
1879	Jeffrey	...	Matilda	...				
1879	Lovell	...	Elizabeth	...				
1880	Medley	...	Catherine	...				
1876	Newman	...	Frances	...				
1876	O'Brien	...	Matilda	...				
1877	Taylor	...	Mary Ann	...				
1873	Whiting	...	Florence	...	Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Sergeant, Commissariat Department. Gunner, Royal Artillery. Ditto. Ditto.
1883	Ecicles	...	Martha	...				
1883	Free	...	Ada	...				
					

Lower Orphan Foundation.—“Orphan Girls.”

1876	Clarke	...	Rose	...	Not known.	Not known.	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Drum-Major, 2nd Battalion, Lothian Regiment.
1876	Clarke	...	Emma	...				
1873	Cunningham	...	Janett	...				
1874	Cunningham	...	Ella	...				
1870	Ferguson	...	Mary	...				
1876	Kelly	...	Anne	...				
1874	Lovell	...	Alice	...				
1875	Massy	...	Emily	...				
1875	Massy	...	Sarah	...				
1875	Massy	...	Harriett	...				
1876	Saddington	...	Luey	...				

Lawrence Military Asylum “Fatherless Girls.”

1883	Aspinall	...	Clara	...	Mrs. Power	Wife of Civilian	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	Corporal, 2nd Battalion, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.
1878	Banks	...	Harriett	...				
1878	Banks	...	Florence	...				
1882	Bowder	...	Heene	...				
1880	Bowan	...	Annie	...				
1881	Carr	...	Charlotte	...				
1881	Clarke	...	Elizabeth	...				
					

1882	Cotton	...	Lilian	...	"	Grinter	...	Widow	...
1881	Davin	...	Eveline	...	"	Davin	...	Ditto	...
1883	Davin	...	Grace	...	"	Dickson	...	Ditto	...
1878	Dickson	...	Nellie	...	"	Charlton	...	Wife of civilian	...
1878	Flynn	...	Mary	...	"	Forbes	...	Widow	...
1878	Forbes	...	Isabella	...	"	Gaitely	...	Widow	...
1881	Gaitely	...	Alicia	...	"	Fort	...	Wife of driver	...
1879	Gargon	...	Elizabeth	...	"	Giddens	...	Widow	...
1873	Giddens	...	Winefred	...	"	Syms	...	Wife of civilian	...
1876	Grant	...	Mary	...	"	Watson	...	Ditto	...
1876	Grant	...	Catherine	...	"	Burgess	...	Wife of Corporal	...
1880	Gruener	...	Mary	...	"	Hawkesworth	...	...	...
1881	Hall	...	Jessie	...	"	Jackson	...	Widow	...
1878	Hawkesworth	...	Blanche	...	"	Hitcherson	...	Wife of civilian	...
1878	Hawkesworth	...	Mary	...	"	Lynch	...	Widow	...
1881	Jackson	...	Letitia	...	"	Maitland	...	Ditto	...
1879	Jameson	...	Jane	...	"	Marklew	...	Ditto	...
1879	Lynch	...	Louisa	...	"	Snookes	...	Wife of Corporal	...
1881	Maitland	...	Mabel	...	"	Parsons	...	Widow	...
1881	Maitland	...	Alice	...	"	McCannon	...	Wife of civilian	...
1881	Marklew	...	Mary	...	"	Potts	...	Widow	...
1879	Pass	...	Mary	...	"	Sadleir	...	Ditto	...
1881	Parsons	...	Adeline	...	"	Johnson	...	Wife of civilian	...
1881	Payne	...	Frances	...	"	Westwood	...	Widow	...
1875	Potts	...	Hannah	...	"	Whitely	...	Ditto	...
1879	Potts	...	Eleanor	...	"	Williams	...	Ditto	...
1876	Sadleir	...	Ellen	...	"	Edwards	...	Ditto	...
1877	West	...	Sarah	...	"	Flynn	...	Wife of civilian	...
1881	Westwood	...	Florence	...	"	Mill	...	Widow	...
1883	Westwood	...	Ruth	...	"	Sutcliffe	...	Ditto	...
1881	Whitely	...	Sarah	...	"	Grey	...	Ditto	...
1879	Williams	...	Alice	...	"				
1879	Williams	...	Margaret	...	"				
1880	Williams	...	Minnie	...	"				
1884	Edwards	...	Julia	...	"				
1883	Farmer	...	Elizabeth	...	"				
1884	Mill	...	Mabel	...	"				
1883	Sutcliffe	...	Alice	...	"				
1883	Sutcliffe	...	Ellen	...	"				
1876	Grey	...	Emma	...	"				

Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.

Pensioner, Pension Establishment.
 Sergeant, Royal Artillery.
 Sub-Conductor, Miscellaneous List.
 Conductor, Ordnance Department.
 Corporal, 2nd Battalion, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.
 Private, 2nd Battalion, Sutherland and Argyll Highlanders.
 Gunner, Royal Artillery.
 Private, 3rd Hussars.
 Sergeant, 1st Battalion, Prince of Wales' Regiment, North Staffordshire Regiment.
 Sergeant, Unattached List.
 Color Sergeant, 2nd Battalion Norfolk Regiment.
 Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Scotch Rifles.
 Pension Establishment.
 Ditto.
 Private, 1st Battalion, Yorkshire Regiment.
 Sergeant, Unattached List.
 Sergeant, Viceroy's Band.
 Gunner, Royal Artillery.
 Bombardier, Royal Artillery.
 Private, 1st Battalion, Kentish Regiment.
 Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Royal Sussex Regiment.
 Sub-Conductor, Commissariat Department.
 Private, 2nd Battalion Scotch Rifles.
 Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Leinster Regiment.
 Corporal, 2nd Battalion' Lothian Begiment.
 Supervisor, Public Works Department.
 Pensioner, Pension Establishment.
 Private, 2nd Battalion Dorsetshire Regiment.
 Sergeant, Royal Engineers.
 Pension Establishment.
 Private, 1st Battalion, Welsh Regiment.

(51)

Lower Orphan Foundation.—"Fatherless Girls."

1880	Arnett	...	Adelaide	...	Mrs. Arnett	...	Widow	...	
1871	Baker	...	Elizabeth	...	"	Chester	...	Ditto	...
1879	Bacon	...	Clara	...	"	Bacon	...	Ditto	...
1879	Bacon	...	Emily	...	"				

Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Royal Warwick Regiment.
 Bugler, 2nd Battalion, Northampton Regiment.
 Armourer Sergeant, 4th Battalion, King's Royal Rifle Corps.

List of children in the Lawrence Military Asylum, Sandwar, on 31st March 1884—(continued.)

No.	Year of admission.	NAME.		Name of Guardian or next of Kin.	Rank of Guardian or next of Kin.	Qualifications for admission.	Father's Rank and Corps.		
		Surname.	Christian.						
<i>Lower Orphan Foundation:—"Fatherless Girls."—(continued).</i>									
1882	Beazley	...	Martha	...	Mrs. Beazley	...	Widow	...	} Private, 2nd Battalion, Cheshire Regiment. Ditto.
1882	Beazley	...	Sarah	...	" Cole	...	Wife of Sergeant	...	
1882	Brown	...	Laura	...	" Cairns	...	Ditto	...	Bombardier, Royal Artillery.
1882	Cairns	...	Alice	...	" Cayford	...	Ditto	...	} Farrier, 9th Lancers. Sergeant, Public Works Department.
1878	Cayford	...	Lilly	...	" Clements	...	Ditto	...	
1878	Cayford	...	Annie	...	" Dempsey	...	Ditto	...	} Private, 2nd Battalion, Devonshire Regiment.
1877	Clements	...	Salina	...	" Desmond	...	Ditto	...	
1881	Dempsey	...	Maria	...	" Floyed	...	...	...	} Barrack Sergeant. Sergeant, Stud Department.
1881	Dempsey	...	Emma	...	" Poole	...	Wife of civilian	...	
1881	Dempsey	...	Christina	...	" Webster	...	Ditto	...	} Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department. Sergeant, Shropshire Regiment.
1881	Desmond	...	Eva	...	" Jarvis	...	Widow	...	
1881	Floyed	...	Janet	...	" Jordan	...	Ditto	...	} Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department. Ditto Commissariat Department.
1877	Holder	...	Elizabeth	...	" Clapp	...	Wife of civilian	...	
1880	Holland	...	Annie	...	" Meyer	...	Widow	...	} Bazaar, Sergeant. Sergeant Unattached List. Ditto, Royal Artillery.
1882	Jarvis	...	Ellen	...	" Oldfield	...	Wife of civilian	...	
1872	Jordan	...	Sarah	...	" Morrison	...	Widow	...	} Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department. Ditto Commissariat Department.
1876	Longhurst	...	Caroline	...	" Müller	...	Ditto	...	
1880	Meyer	...	Eda	...	" Littlewood	...	Wife of Sergeant	...	} Sergeant, Royal Artillery.
1880	Mill	...	Emma	...	" Holmes	...	Wife of Apothecary	...	
1882	Morrison	...	Carlotta	...	" Chester	...	Wife of Sergeant	...	} Subordinate Medical Department. Sergeant, Royal Engineer.
1882	Müller	...	Sophia	...	" Roberts	...	Widow	...	
1882	Müller	...	Leonora	...	" Rose	...	Ditto	...	} Conductor, Ordnance Department. Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, South Yorkshire Regiment.
1880	Parsons	...	Ada	...	" Stephens	...	Ditto	...	
1880	Parsons	...	Lydia	...	" Cockhill	...	Wife of Sergeant	...	} Do., Public Works Department. Do., 2nd Battalion Dorsetshire Regiment.
1882	Pereira	...	Henrietta	...	" Thomas	...	Widow	...	
1884	Pereira	...	Florence	...	" White	...	Ditto	...	} Do., Royal Artillery Subordinate Medical Department.
1876	Ritchie	...	Jessie	...	" White	...	Ditto	...	
1875	Roberts	...	Adelaide	...	" Chester	...	Ditto	...	} Bombardier, Royal Artillery.
1875	Roberts	...	Clara	...					
1876	Roberts	...	Maud	...					
1873	Rose	...	Edith	...					
1879	Stephens	...	Charlotte	...					
1879	Stephens	...	Constance	...					
1882	Thomas	...	Ethel	...					
1882	Thomas	...	Mildred	...					
1879	Thomas	...	Ellen	...					
1878	White	...	Ethel	...					
1883	Chester	...	Sophia	...					
1883	Chester	...	Margareta	...					

1883 Joiner
1883 Joiner

... Delia
... Cecilia

... } „ Joiner ... } Widow ...

Band Master, 2nd Battalion, Surrey Regiment.

Lawrence Military Asylum.—“Motherless Girls.”

1883	Clement	...	Anne	...	C. Clements	...	Sergeant	...
1884	Bradbury	...	Ellen	...	C. Bradbury	...	Pensioner	...
1882	Englefield	...	Flora Ann	...	C. Englefield	...	Private	...
1880	Fisher	...	Ada	...	J. Fisher	...	Barrack Sergeant	...
1880	Fisher	...	Elizabeth	...	J. Fisher	...	Barrack Sergeant	...
1880	Flewker	...	Amelia	...				
1880	Flewker	...	Harriett	...	J. Flewker	...	Pensioner	...
1879	Flewker	...	Grace	...	A. Green	...	Corporal	...
1879	Green	...	Ellen	...				
1880	Green	...	Catherine	...	J. Harland	...	Ditto	...
1882	Harland	...	Elizabeth	...				
1883	Harland	...	Caroline	...	R. Hunt	...	Sergeant	...
1880	Hunt	...	Madeline	...				
1877	Lawrence	...	Amy	...	F. Lawrence	...	Pensioner	...
1881	Ledingham	...	Christina	...	W. Ledingham	...	Sergeant	...
1881	Lightfoot	...	Lousia	...	W. Lightfoot	...	Pensioner	...
1880	Lightfoot	...	Mary	...				
1880	Mansell	...	Adeline	...	J. Mansell	...	Ditto	...
1880	Maansell	...	Alice	...				
1880	McLawrin	...	Alice	...	J. McLawrin	...	Sergeant	...
1882	McNeil	...	Isabella	...	J. McNeil	...	Ditto	...
1883	McCluskey	...	Jessie	...	J. McCluskey	...	Ditto	...
1881	Mumford	...	Susan	...	G. Mumford	...	Ditto	...
1877	Reynolds	...	Rebecca	...	G. Reynolds	...	Ditto	...
1883	Reynolds	...	Eleanor	...				
1881	Roberts	...	Clara	...	R. Roberts	...	Ditto	...
1881	Roberts	...	Ada	...				
1882	Rowling	...	Louisa	...	J. Rowling	...	Bombardier	...
1879	Shaw	...	Mary Ann	...	W. Shaw	...	Corporal	...
1878	Stratford	...	Anne	...	G. Stratford	...	Private	...
1882	Stratford	...	Ethel	...				
1883	Sullivan	...	Elizabeth	...	O. Sullivan	...	Sergeant	...
1882	Tear	...	Jane	...	J. Tear	...	Corporal	...
1882	Traynor	...	Agnes	...	W. Traynor	...	Pensioner	...
1884	Dale	...	Beatrice	...	A. Dale	...	Corporal	...
1884	Dale	...	Maud	...				
1883	Freeman	...	Thirza	...	F. Freeman	...	Pensioner	...
1883	Freeman	...	Charlotte	...				
1884	Mitchell	...	Sarah	...	C. Mitchell	...	Ditto	...
1883	Reid	...	Lenobia	...	A. Reid	...	Park Sergeant	...
1875	Smith	...	Fanny	...	J. Smith	...	Private	...

Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.

1st Battalion, Leinster Regiment.
Pension Establishment.
4th Battalion, King's Royal Rifle Corps.
Public Works Department.

Pension Establishment.

1st Battalion, Leinster Regiment.

2nd Battalion, Royal West Surrey Regiment
1st Battalion, East Lancashire Regiment.
Pension Establishment.
Unattached List.
Pension Establishment.

Ditto.
Royal Artillery
Royal Horse Artillery.
Royal Artillery.
Ordnance Department.
Commissariat Department.

Ordnance Department.
Royal Artillery.
1st Battalion, Royal Dublin Fusilliers.
Ditto South Lancashire Regiments.
2nd Battalion, Dorsetshire Regiment.
Ditto Border Regiment.
Pension Establishment.
1st Battalion, Border Regiment.

Pension Establishment.
Ditto.
Royal Horse Artillery.
1st Battalion, Manchester Regiment.

List of children in the Lawrence Military Asylum, Sandbar, on 31st March 1884—(concluded).

No.	Year of admission.	NAME.		Name of Guardian or next of Kin.	Rank of Guardian or next of Kin.	Qualification for admission,	Father's Rank and Corps,
		Surname.	Christian.				

Lawrence Military Asylum.—“Both Parents Living—Girls.”

1884	Scadden	...	Beatrice	...	T. Scadden	...	Private	...	Children of British soldiers serving or having served in India.	2nd Battalion, Devonshire Regiment.
1884	Norman	...	Rosa	...	J. Norman	...	Collar-maker	...		Royal Artillery.
1884	Hardie	...	Alice	...	F. Hardie	...	Private	...		9th Lancers.
1881	Blake	...	Elizabeth	...	M. Blake	...	Pensioner	...		Pension Establishment.
1881	Corp	...	Elizabeth	...	W. Corp	...	Do.	...		Ditto.
1881	Corp	...	Emily
1881	Miller	...	Rose	...	E. Miller	...	Sergeant	...		Pension Establishment.
1877	Osborne	...	Alice	...	J. Osborne	...	Pensioner	...		Royal Artillery
1881	Redding	...	Charlotte	...	S. Redding	...	Bombardier	...		Pension establishment.
1882	Skilling	...	Hannah	...	J. Skilling	...	Pensioner	...		Ditto.
1882	Wilkins	...	Mary	...	S. Wilkins	...	Ditto	...		2nd Battalion, Devonshire Regiment.
1882	Wilkins	...	Alecia
1884	Crawley	...	Charlotte	...	J. Crawley	...	Corporal	...		Public Works Department.
1884	Cahoon	...	Mary	...	J. Cahoon	...	Gunner	...		Pension establishment.
1883	Teeling	...	Louisa	...	R. Teeling	...	Pensioner	...		
1883	Wilson	..	Maria	...	J. Wilson	...	Do.	..		

Appendix L.

Statement of sums in deposit with the Bengal Military Orphan Fund in trust for soldiers' children received since 1st January 1860.

Date of deposit. *	Name of children.	Date of birth.	Father's name, rank and corps.	Amount.	REMARKS.
				Rs. A. P.	
27th April 1860 ...	Rabbitt, Edward William ...	11th September 1857 ...	Sub-Conductor Thomas Rabbitt, Ordnance Department.	15 15 9	
4th and 28th December 1861	McDonnel, Charles ...	3rd August 1854 ...	Private John McDonnel, Her Majesty's 97th Regiment.	25 15 6	
13th February 1861 ...	Scott, William ...	18th October 1854 ...	} Sergeant William Scott, 2nd Fusiliers ...	214 2 9	
	Do., Annie ...	13th April 1856 ...			
	Do., Emma ...	25th November 1858 ...			
20th March 1862 ...	McDonald, Catherine (died, leaving 2 daughters) ...	27th July 1852 ...	Sergeant John McDonald, Ordnance Department ...	118 11 10	
June 1862 ...	Keddie, Jane ...	26th December 1852 ...	} Private J. Keddie, 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers	86 0 0	
	Do., James ...	8th April 1856 ...			
22nd July 1863 ...	Lawton, William ...	9th January 1853 ...	} Color-Sergeant William Lawton, Her Majesty's 24th Regiment.	152 14 2	
	Do., Joseph ...	7th February 1857 ...			
25th January 1864 ...	Jones, Henrietta Dalzell ...	6th October 1857 ...	Gunner John Jones, G. Battery, 22nd Brigade, Royal Artillery.	39 5 10	
10th March 1864 ...	} Anderson, Duncan ...	31st August 1857 ...	Gunner William Anderson, 5th Battery, 25th Brigade, Royal Artillery.	35 4 11	
19th May 1864 ...					
18th July 1865 ...	Rowland, Sophia M. ...	2nd November 1849. ...	} Twins } Private J. Rowland, 2nd Dragoon Guards ...	12 0 0	
	Do., Elizabeth Ann (married) ...	... Ditto ...			
	Do., George Edward ...	20th October 1854 ...			

Statement of sums in deposit with the Bengal Military Orphan Fund in trust for soldiers' children received since 1st January 1860.—(concluded).

Date of deposit.	Name of children.	Date of birth.	Father's name, rank and Corps.	Amount.		REMARKS.
				Rs	A. P.	
25th June 1866	Mead, Mary Ann	10th May 1857	Bombardier William Mead, 4th Battery, 25th Royal Artillery.	4	0	
	Do., Thomas	19th October 1862			0	
31st October 1867	Hutchinson, Rose	15th February 1862	Sergeant John Hutchinson, Army Commissariat Department.	26	2	
14th February 1868	Coates, Ann Frances	30th July 1860	Corporal Robert Coates, Royal Artillery	141	15	
	Do., Rosina Mary	20th August 1862			1	
December 1870	Rice, William	2nd July 1864	Sergeant James Rice, C. Battery, 8th Brigade, Royal Artillery.	557	4	
29th April 1870	Upton, David	10th November 1864	Corporal D. Upton, B. S. and M.	165	10	
9th October 1871	York, Henry J.	16th April 1857	Sergeant R. York, Artillery	42	2	
	Do. Mary Ann (died 15th May 1872)	16th December 1863				
	Do. Walter Charles	18th May 1866				
17th February 1873	Lemon, Margaret	4th January 1865	Driver George Lemon, Royal Horse Artillery	74	6	
17th July 1873	Rogers, William George	11th July 1870	Conductor G. J. Rogers, Commissariat Department	1,541	5	
May 1873	Mitchell, Maud	6th May 1868	Trumpet-Major R. Mitchell, Royal Artillery	165	1	
December 1873	Thompson, Margaret Emma	14th June 1865	Sergeant Edward Thompson, 8th Brigade, Royal Artillery	48	4	
11th February 1876						
20th December 1876	Clarke, Annie	21st August 1864	Drum-Major H. Clarke, 2-1, The Royal Scots	380	6	
	Do., Rose	19th August 1866				
	Do., Emma	12th February 1868				
	Do., Harry J.	16th August 1870				

2nd March 1877	... Longhurst, Eliza Maria	... 15th November 1863	... } Bazar-Sergeant Charles Longhurst, Royal Horse Artillery	456	0	0
	Do., Agnes Emma	... 9th February 1865	... }			
	Do., Caroline	... 27th August 1869	... }			
13th August 1877	... Meehan, Joseph	... 24th December 1871	... Private Peter Meehan, 2nd Battalion, The Royal Scots	37	1	8
22nd September 1877	... Murphy Ernest Rebuca	... 24th July 1869	... Private William Murphy, 12th Foot	40	7	3
8th January 1879	... Utting, Frederick James	... 3rd August 1867	... }			
	Do., George Edward	... 21st March 1872	... Sub-Conductor F. Utting, Ordnance Department	240	0	0
	Do., Albert Edward	... 11th February 1875	... }			
21st February 1880	... Donohue, Ann	... 6th June 1862	... }			
	Do., Mary Ann	... 27th November 1870	... Private Andrew Donohue, 59th Regiment	150	0	0
	Do., William	... 27th June 1868	... }			
20th December 1880	... Holland, Constance Rebecca	... 9th September 1866	... } Sergeant George Holland, Her Majesty's 85th Regiment.	223	4	0
	Do., Annie Theresa	... 6th December 1868	... }			
16th January 1883	... Lyas, Adolphus George	... 10th August 1876	... } Private A. Lyas, 2nd Battalion, Warwick shire Regiment.	125	10	3
	Do., Wallace	... 25th December 1880	... }			
17th January 1883	... Tough, Charles George	... 1st November 1869	... }			
	Do., Minnie Maby	... 25th August 1873	... Sergeant Charles Tough and step children of the late Gunner S. Hobcroft, 7-1 London Dn. R. A.	243	7	3
	Do., Thomas Henry	... 20th November 1875	... }			
	Do., Emma Ellen	... 17th January 1879	... }			
April 1883	... Gillon, John	... 21st January 1878	... } Pioneer Sergeant Thomas Gillon, 1st Battalion, East Lancashire Regiment.	26	0	0
	Do., Thomas Charles	... 1st November 1880	... }			
1st November 1883	... Low, Robert Douglas	... 7th September 1879	... } Corporal Charles Low, 0-3, Royal Artillery	378	12	0
	Do., William Herbert	... 29th September 1881	... }			

These sums are payable on the wards attaining 21 years of age on application to the Examiner of Fund Accounts, Calcutta.

CALCUTTA :
The 28th April 1884.

G. S. SUTHERLAND, *Surgeon-Major,*
Examiner of Fund Accounts.

REPORT
OF THE
LAWRENCE MILITARY ASYLUM,
SANAWAR;

ON THE
ORPHAN AND OTHER CHILDREN OF EUROPEAN SOLDIERS
SERVING OR HAVING SERVED IN INDIA,
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 1884.



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